LOUISVILLE JOURNAL PRENTICE, HENDERSON, & OSBORNE JOURNAL OFFICE BUILDING, GREEN STREST, BETWEEN THIRD AND FOURTH.

HEADQUARTERS DIRECTORY.

PERZAL OFFICES.

Jen. Charles C. Gilbert, Headquarters Army 1-ky, No. 716 Seventh street, between Chestnut Jore T. Boyle, Walnut, between Fourth Illius Fosma, Assistant Inspector General of Johnson, Assistant Inspector General of Johnson of Third and Jofferson.

Sint ser, Urdinance Office, Main st., between and Ekbib.

M. Saaweil, United States Minetering Officer, between Firel and Second streets, south side. Charles T. Larued, Chief Phymaster for Kend Lennesses, Green and Third.

V. F. Harris, Tulied States Quartermaster, reel, above the Gall House.

REATICKY OFFICES.
Ther and Secretary of State, No. 521 Sixih street, a Wahut and Green.
Gen. John W. Finnell, Headquarters Kenfolmiteers, same location.
Beirg, Gon. John A. Gray, of Kentucky State of Lonisville and Jefferson.
Market and Jefferson.
Gon. W. A. Dulley, Quartermaster General ky Volunteers, Main street, opposite Bank of ky. te Auditor, Main street, next to Bank of Ken ecky. State Tressurer, same location.

Rebel Advance on Munfordville.

We learn by telegraph that n rebel force under Gen. Wheeler was within fifteen miles of Munfordville Monday night. At 7 o'clock their pickets were on the cross road at a point equidistant between Glasgow and Woodsonville, near Little Barren. At 2 o'clock the messengers who brough Information to Gen. Gilbert were fired upon. Reinforcements were ordered forward, and Gen. Gilbert has men enough to repulse any assault that may be made on the Green River Bridge. All other reports which have been flying about the city concerning this nfair are hogus. The extent of the rebel detachment has not been delinitely ascertained.

POLICE PROCEEDINGS .- Tuesday, Nov. 11 .-Cordelia Shane, drunk and disorderly conduct.

In \$100 for three months Bridget McCue, stealing \$15 from Margaret Weber, Bail in \$100 for three months, Work-

John McCormick, passing spurious notes. Continued. Geo. Smith and John Rend, stenling four mules and n horse. Discharged.

Fred Tucker, stealing two overcoats. Held over to answer a felony in the Circuit Court, in the sum of \$300.

Wm. Ilarig and James McDonald, stenling clothing from Wm. April worth over four dollars. Bail in \$200 to naswer.

says he was born at Winterslow, Wiltshire, in just opposite West Franklin. 1783, and received his surgical education at St. George's Hospital, London, under that eminent practitioner, Sir Everard Home, whose successor he became in 1808, first as assistan surgeon, and afterwards as surgeon. In 1811 he received the Copley Medal of the Royal Society, the highest prize in its gift, for his physiological papers in the "Philosophical Transactions." Ilis career from that time was one series of professional triumphs. From 1819 to 1823 he was professor of nnatomy at struments, and, in numerous cases, substituted less prinful and more simple methods of surgical operation. Ilis published works, most of which are as familiar to physicians in this country as in England, are: "Lectures on Diseases of the Urinnry Organs;" "Observation, Pathological, and Surgical, on Diseases of the Joints;" "Physiological Researches Collected and Republished from the Philosophical Transactions," and "Physological Inquiries."

GEN. WASHINGTON'S POWERS AS DICTATOR, A correspondent of the Boston Transcript makes reference to the dictatorful powers conferred upon Gen. Washington during the war of the Revolution. They are contained and enumerated in a resolve of Cougress, dated the 27th of December, 1776, (to be found in Sparks's edition of the Writings of Washington, Vol. IV., page 550), and were limited to the term of six months. With a single exception they relate exclusively to the organization and control and support of the army, and confer no civil nuthority. The exception alluded to is of a character to deserve attention at this moment. It is the last enumerated power, and reads thus: "To nrrest and confine persons who refuse to take the Continental currency, or are otherwise disaffected to the American cause, and return to the States of which they are citizens their names and the nature of their offences, together with the witnesses to prove them."

Tures Generations at the Polls .- The Boston Transcript says that on Tuesday morning Josinh Quincy, his son and namesnke, and his grandson, Major Samuel M. Quincy, went together to the polls in ward four, and deposited their Republican hallots. The senior Mr. Quincy, who was a candidate for Congress ty-two years ago, and the Major, were on ches. The former, at the age of ninetyone, has recovered in a measure from an accident by which his leg was broken; the latter, a fellow-cripple for a short time of his venerable relative, was wounded bravely fighting for the cause equally dear to both. All parties united in giving each of these energetic voters, thus determined to discharge their duty as citizens, hearty cheers.

HON. THOMAS CORWIN .- A statement in n letter to an Eastern paper, from Mexico, to the effect that Hon. Thos. Corwin, United States Minister, was dangerously ill, having been sent over the country by telegraph, the Cineinnati papers have been informed by a memher of Mr. Corwin's family that letters receiv ed from himself and son by the last mails make no mention of any serious illness. A written in n steady hand. His son stated the Governor had been slightly indisposed for a under Roscerans. few days, but he did not intimute that he had been seriously unwell.

Homerue.-Jas. Hardigan was stabled and | Galt House, No. 8. mortally wounded by Jos. Smith at Smith's esidence at the heginning of the Eighteenth street gravel road on Saturday evening last Hardignn, it is said, was in the act of insulting Smith's wife, when the hushand stabbed him, inflicting a wound that proved fatal last night llardigau had no family.

John Bull will undoubtedly allow a many piratical vessels to be outfitted in his ports as the rebels can pay for, as he makes a very good thing out of it, by pocketing the amount of the bonds given as security that 'neutrality' will not be infringed, but which are invariably forfeited.

Gov. Seymour, in n late speech in rooklyn, warned the South against mistaking the temper of the Northern Democracy on the subject of the war. That he will emphasize uch warning in every act of his personal and fficial life, the Albany Evening Journal suys,

is the prayer of the people. FIRE YESTERNAY MOUNING .- The fire about o'clock yesterday morning, was caused by the citizens, whom he feels assured will do no in-hurning of Mr. Fischer's cooper shop, and a jury to the military interests of the Federal

nurning of Mr. Fischer's cooper shop, and a frame residence adjoining, at the corner of Clay and Franklin streets. The loss was se-We wish, in connection with the foregoing order, to remind our country friends that it is

by our troops at Goose Creek, in Clay county, Ky., at the request of the Union citizens, who were apprehensive lest the rebels should return and carry off all they wanted.

The 7th Vermont, stationed at New Orleans, is to be brought home to recruit, and the 9th Vermont, captured at Harper's Ferry, are to be immediately exchanged.

NEW ORLEANS SUGAR—
15 Inhibit limited; Recruit direct from See York by railread and for sale by [18] ere to be immediately exchanged.

Thoubles of Fifteen-Incu Guns .- The new onitor Passaie has made another trial of her lifteen-inch gun, of which the Cincinnati Gatte says: A skilful gunner might throw a hell into a porthole large enough for these znns: therefore the parthote was fitted fo firing through without protruding the gunbeing little larger than the ball. The first fire in the sides of any Warrior or other newwas as much as the crew eared to risk in that experiment. The smoke and flame filled the

turret. Then a flange was fitted to the muzzle of the gun and the curve of the torret to inclose the space. The last trial was of this contrivance. Thirty-five pounds of powder and a hollow shot were used. The concussion lifted the perforated shield plates on top of the turret, one of which fell on Cupt. Worden's foot. The volume of flame from the muzzlset the tackle for hoisting the shot on fire aurned the eyebrows and hair of one of the gun crew, and the force of the gas tore off the flange. It was found also that although the extra flange might fit the inside curve of the turret, the gun must recoil before the charge left it. It was rather queer that orduance officers should have to experiment to find that out. The result proved that the porthole must

be enlarged so as to let the muzzle of the gun protrade, or some sliding arrangement like the joints of a telescope must be contrived to have produced an irreparable leak in any ves keep up the connection with the porthole while INDIANA AGAIN OUTRAGED, -In addition to he information given by our correspondent "Traveller" in reference to the guerilla attack upon West Franklin, Ind., the Evansville Journal snys the party numbered about twenty,

who crossed the Ohio in two large skiffs and first approached the house of n Mr. Adams. He, supposing there were only two or three in the party, seized his shot gun and discharged its contents into the body of one of the marauders. Mr. Adams is of opinion te made an end of the fellow. Hiscovering the number of the thieves. Admis then darted out of the house and took to the woods, the guerillas firing at him as he run, but without injury. The thieves then visited the house o Dr. Ham, whom they arrested and now hold as a hostage for some rebel doctor held as n prisoner by Col. Foster. They then laid violent hands upon four good horses, and seizing a wood boat, transported them safely across the river. Adding insult to injury, they administered an oath to all the men in the town not to take up nrms against the Southern Confederacy. Mr. Adams recognized one of the wretches Sir Benjamin Collins Brodie, the emi- who fired at him, and gives his name as Tom nent surgeon, is dead. The Cincinnati Gazette | Hart. Several of the guerrillas are said to live

The French complications in regard to General Butler's conduct at New Orleans are said, by the New York Herald's Washington correspondent, to relate probably to the case of Mr. Heidseick, of champaigne celchrity, who was sent to Fort Jackson by Gen. Butler, three months ago, and is still kept in confinement there, notwithstanding the order of rethe Royal College of Surgeons; and ou the Mr. Heidseick, who is related to some of the death of Sir Astley Cooper, he hecame first families of France, has written to his surgeon to the Queen. In 1834 he was created parents and friends the particulars of his ara haronet. He was the suggestor of Important improvements in many kinds of surgical inimprovements in many kinds of surgical inimprovements in many kinds of surgical inimprovements in many kinds of surgical inindex a minute of the case. Wr. Thousened
in the case of the case ful examination of the case, Mr. Thouvenel, being satisfied that the detention of Mr. Heidseick was in ao way justified, has written an energetic remonstrance to our Government, demanding not only the immediate delivery of this gentleman, but an indemnity adequate to the dninages caused by his long imprisonment, and the wrongs he has sustained.

AN OLD SOLDIER .- Thomas Stewart, aged nincty-two years, of East Newton, Ohio, was a private in the 101st Ohio regiment, and took part in the hattle of Perryville, where he was complimented for his bravery and soldierly earing. He has four sons, two grandsons, and three sons-in-law at present in the army. He was born in 1770, at Litchfield, Conn., where his father now resides, aged one hundred and twenty-two years.

We learn from the Frankfort Commonwenlth that a letter has been received in that city, announcing the death of Cupt. Ben. J. Monroe, a son of Judge T. B. Monroe, formerly of Frankfort, in the rebel army. This is the second son the rebellion has cost this aftlicted family, the first, Thomas B., ex-Sceremry of State, having been killed at Shiloh.

"COALS TO NEWCASTLE." - The Cleveland Herald says: "The course of trade sometimes is very singular. Cincinnati is nlwnys supposed to he the vineyard of Ohio, from which large shipments are nanually made to the northern part of that State. Just now corsiderah'e quantities of Catnwha grapes are shipped to Cincinnati from this city.

A RICH MAIL CARRIER.—Elias Howe, Jr., whose income is a quarter of a million a year, carries the mail daily from Washington, seveu miles, to the enmp of the 17th Connecticut regiment, in which he is a private.

The three New Orleans clergymen, Goodrich, Fulton, and Leacock, who refused o pray for "the President of the United States and all others in authority," will be consigned to Fort Lafayette.

Bridget McKew, who on Saturday matched fifteen dollars from the pocket of mother woman in the market and then broke and run, was subsequently traced and arrested by officer Charles Junot, and placed in prison

The commutation of the death sentences by the President, which have been passed by courts-martial upon rehel spies, is almost universally condemned by the press and the people.

The Quincy (Ill.) Whig announces that General Prentiss has been offered by General letter from the Governor to his family was Halleck the choice of any brigade in the service. The General will prohably take one

WANTED .- A servant to attend to an officer' horse and baggage. Call this afternoon at

Ber Mr. G. H. Garliebs, of Cincinnati, has been recognized by the President as Consul of

the Kingdom of the Netherlands. GEN. HARNEY .- General Harnry has re turned to this city. He will not, probably, soon take any command.

(From the Nushville Union. A GRATIFYING ORDER.-The following j dicious order from General Negley will meet with universal approval. It will alford much relief to this community, especially to our loyal fellow-citizens, and will add much to the activity of our local trade. It is well that its benefits are offered only to the supporters of the Federal Government, and not to its vehoment, malignant, and untiring toes:

HEADQUARTERS, NASHVILLE, TENN., Special Order No. 27.

In view of the nrrival of reinforcements, and wishing to contribute relief to the loyal citizens of Nashville, by permitting them to procure provisions beyond our lines, Colonel Gillem, Provost Marshal, is hereby directed to caume issuing passes, under the restriction that he issues to none but undoubtedly loya

By command of Bang, Gen. Negley,
JAS, A. LOWRIE, A. A. G. his place, but their professed friends, the guer-llas, who show ther devotion to the interests of the people by refusing them the privilege of selling their produce to those who would gladly purchase it.

laon Plates and New Padjectiles .- The British Government is in a state of uncertainty and confusion. It cannot make up its mind whether the Wnrrior and her inn-ensed con sorts are equal to a firm resistance agains heavy projectiles, or whether Mr. Whitworth and Sir William Armstrong are able to batter ashioned vessel which mechanical ingenuit

can invent. Two remarkable series of expements at Shoeburyness have just been adde to the history of this investigation. The last of these took place on the 23th of September and the result, as reported in the London ournals received by the Persia, shows that he question is more hopelessly befogged that ever. "The subject, ' says the Times, "is be et with difficulties. The iron men believe that they can so cont a ship as to practically render her invulnerable to any shot; while, or the other hand, artillerists are as tirmly pinion that they can make guns which shall ulso be practically equal to trippling any iron

rigate that ever floated.' The fact seems to be that the Whitwort flat-headed shell was driven through a builtup section of the Warrior's side, piercing the iron, shattering the inner lining of the teak and making a ragged opening which would sel at sea; and that the solid shot of the grea Armstrong gun smashes in all the Warrior targets that are made. The destructive effect of

the Whitworth projectile is greater than that f Armstrong's at a distance of six hundred yards, with small charges of powder; so that according to the last accounts, Whitworth i chead, and the iron-plated frigates are as ye incopable of resisting the fearful power of hi new projectiles. The detailed account of the effect of the lire upon the Warrior target is in-

The first experimental shot was fired with a harge of twenty-three pounds of powder and solid hexagonal shot weighing one hundred nd twenty-nine pounds, the piece being laid that a degree of elevation. It struck the eft centre of the target within an inch almos of the white spot at which it was aimed, and at the instant of the tremendous concussion the metals a bright sheet of flame was emitted, almost us if agun had been fired from the hirget in reply. This shot passed completely through the armor plate (four-and-a-half-inch iron) the armor plate (four-and-a-half-inch iron) shattering the teak beyond (eighteen inches) into minute splinters, and fell tull upon one of the massive vertical angle lines, which it tore in half as if it had been paper, sending its screw bolls and rivets in all directions. The shot, however, did not pass through the target, but remained buried in the teak with its that head resting against the broken angle iron. But the fracture it made was much worse than a muce penetration. It was a smash, not a hole, and the inner skin of was n smash, not n hole, and the inner skin o the ship was bulged and torn wide in man places, so that in the case of an actual vesse

such a shot striking on the water line would have made a leak which nothing could have stopped. As regarded the effect of these flat-fronted shot on iron ships, the experiment was conclusive. Such a missile against a wooden ship would have gone through both sides making a clean hole and doing little damage out the iron, without protecting, offered only sufficient resistance to make the fracture, elow the water line, an irremediable mischi lease signed by Mr. Sewnrd, and sent to the Governor of New Orleans. It appears that Mr. Heidseick, who is related to some of the it was fired at the same range and elevation with a twenty-five pound charge of powder. The effect of this shot astounded every one

ime range was regarded as almost an impobility. Yet the shell went complete inner skin, which the explosion blew com-pletely away, lighting for a moment the tim-bers at the back which supported the target, and sending the bits of shell onward and over what, had it been the Warrior, would have been her maindeck, and therefore right in the

The Bloom of Autumn.—A corresponden writing us not many days since, dated the let ter in the "City of Peace" ou the "6th of the Golden Month." We were highly delighted with these metonymical figures of rhetoric and forcibly impressed with the peculiar fitness of the latter in our late visit to Amherst. A of the latter in our late visit to Amherst. As we looked out from the tower of the Chapel of Amherst College with our friend, L. H. Tucker, of Albany, upon that heautiful landscape of hill and dale, mountain and plain, lake and river, it seemed, as it were, as if a splendid sunset had fallen in tragments on the isle, that is culled Benutiful, and set it all a-blaze, as it were? Like the bush in Hareb the woods such benuty subdues while it charms nud de-lights the soul; and there, as in a many-tented tabernacle, color seemed to have pitched his

tapernacie, color seemed to have pitched his royal residence to reign in a glory beyond that of an oriental king.

In view of such scenes, what are all the ennopies and balconies and galleries of human skill or device, hung with the richest drapery and adornings that ever the skill of art, that wigned draw forth in gargeous tolds from his viznrd, drew forth in gorgeous tolds from his enchauted loom, if ideally suspended in the hir along side the sun and storm-stained garniture of the pulnees of Autunu, framed by the spirit of the Season, of her own living unbrage, for her own last delight, ere removing in nanual migration with her court to some foreign distinguisments the seasons. oreign clime beyong the seas!

"With what a glory comes and goes the year!— The birds of Spring—these beautiful barlongers of sunny skies and cloudless times—enjoy Life's newness, and earth's garniture spread ont; And when the silver habit of the clouds tomes down upon the Autumu sun and with A scher gladness the old year takes up His berght inheritance of galden fruits, A pourp and pageant fill the splendid scene,

A pour and page and in the specialo is elec-There is a beautiful spiril treathing now Its mellow richness on the obstered trees, And trem a beaker full of richest dyes Pouring new glory on the Autumnal woods, And dipping in warm light the pillared clouds, Morn on the mountain, like sommer brut, Litts up her purple wing, and in the vales. The gentle wind, a sweet and passionate wooer, Kissing the binshing leaf, and sirs up life Within the solemn woods of ash deep-crimsoned, And silver birch, and maple yellow-leaf d.— Where Autuma, like a faint old man, sits down By the was-side a-weary."

The woods have doffed their verdant hue, and are now decked in their glory. The mountains, from that favored look-out, seem to infold that charmingly colored landscape, and resemble groups of giant kings, as it were, clad in purple and gold, as if to guard the enchanted scene.

Ah, 'Iweren lot too blest intever in thy endored shades to stray; midsl the kisses of the soft southwest To rove and dream for ave;

And wists terms and to the control of the sweetest days of the circling year. If one has any poetry in his soul, the inspiration of the "Golden Month" will fire it. The versure and floral beauty of spring and summer are beautiful, but to us, the bloom of Autumn is

clorious beyond compare.
What ahnll we say of him or her whose describe such a state of mind as would be the poet to depict the blooming autumn, or the painter for colors and skill to represent the glorions view upon canvas. The disciple of nature dwells with ineffable delight amid such scenes, such glories, such entrancing beauty, ay, with an ecstasy of soul and mind that no other month can excite or quicken.

Boston Cultivator.

GREAT STOCK OF MILITARY CLOTHING.

J. M. ARMSTRONG, On Main steet, Opposite the National Hatel, HAS NOW IN STORE A MAGNIFICENT STOCK of Military

An Immense stock of Men's and Boy's Fine Clothing, together with a fine assortment of Cloths, Cassimeres, and Vestings, for which orders are solicited.

20 Good fits and satisfaction guaranteed or no sale.
ARMSTRICATES

Northwest Corner of Fourth and Main.

SUTLERS' SUNDRIES—
Sucases fresh Cove Oysters;
25 do labox Sardines;
150 do Fresh and Brandy Peaches;
100 do assorted Jams and Jellios;
26 do 11b Lobrator; i in Lobsters;
Fresh Strawberries and Blackberries;
Pie Fruits, Whortleberries, &c.;
assorted Pickles;
pickled Herring;
es No. 1 do: primo W. R. Cheese; (508) 108 Drived Boelf
(508) 108 Dologna Sansage;
(509) 108 choice Beef Tongues;
(509) 108 choice W. R. Buiter in 2 b-cans;
(50) 108 choice W. R. Buiter in 2 b-cans;
(50) bhis Spico Nuts and Giuger Cakes;
th a variety of other goods; all of which we offer to
trade at LOWEST MATES.

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EUROPEAN COMPLICATIONS. The great powers of Europe are jut now i perturbed condition. Clouds rest upon al f them, and both their domestic and foreig relations are so entangled that the sounde tatesmanship must encounter serious trouble efore the difficulties can be adjusted. The . Y. Evening Post epitomizes thus:

NAPOLEON'S TROUBLES. France is passing through a "ministeriarists," growing out of the vexed Roman quesion. M. Thouvenel, the Minister of Foreign Affairs, who has ably conducted the diplom cy of Napoleon under circumstances which r is portfolio as a victim of the Emperoi erfidy—or vacillation, if the word better e resses the fact. The current report is to the freet that the Emperor having decided ithdraw the French troops from Rome, I nonvenel acted upon his instructions by g official assurance of that purpose. ing official assurance of that purpose. Court intrigues, the power of the priests, and Navoleon's change of views, entising a sudden retraction to this resolution, M. Thouvenel was deposed, and was succeeded by M. Dreuyn de Llinys, a more pliant servant. The question of Rome, presented in tangible form, was thus quietly divested of all mystery, and the displacement of the old Ministry by the new is virtually a declaration to Italy that, as yet, there is no hope of her making the Vatican the capital of a united nation. Meanwhile, the Mexican trouble remains ansettled, and the Emperor anxiously debates with himself the question of gratilying his personal incliquestion of gratifying his personal incli-tion to recognize the rehels of the Souther.

ENGLAND'S PERPLEXITIES. In Eagland there is the old cry of distre from the manufacturing districts coupled will an angry discussion of the speeches of Glad-stone, Palmerston, and Lewis. Did Mr. Glad-stone express only his individual opinion, or was he the spokesman of the British governwas he the spokesman of the British government?—is the question which agitates the British mind. If he spoke only his own sentiments, his speech goes for nothing; but if he was the ugent selected by the government to feel the popular pulse, then his speech was indeed significant. The moderate papers generally take the view that Mr. Gladslone spoke increly as Mr. Gladstone, not as the Chancelor of the Exchequer, and correspondents of the newspapers cleverly argue that, inasmach as the shrewdest efforts have failed to entrapte Premier into a formal approval of his uthe Premier into a formal approval of his ut erances, it is to be taken for grante terances, it is to be taken for granted that those afterances were personal and brivate, not official or important. This is quite likely to be the true solution of the question at issue, for ministerial "starring" in the provinces is not the wny in which a British Cabiact goes at its work when it has any serious malter in hand. Mr. Ghadstone, having sympostally collected his income tax receives.

omfortably collected his income tax, receiving therefor the pointed comments of the ournals upon his wonderful dexterity in filling the exchequer, probably took a run into the country to enjoy the erisp antiquin nir, nd yielded to the temptation of speaking his wn thoughts to select companies of his iends and admirers. It is not necessary to tach much importance to his sacers agains, nor to find in his personal threats any cause itional nluriu. Sudden influx of Indinn cotton into augland may serve a good purpose in keeping nat belligerent country in better humor during ne winter. Already we hear promising accounts of the good effect of the unexpected apply. Mill owners, feeling happier, gruunts are all owners, feeling happier, gruunts of the view of the vie Grumbling less, they intect the Miu ry less, and impart a cheerier tone to the arnals which hate America the most bitterly

hould this happier frame of mind continue e shall hear but little more of the threats o ntervention, and Lord Lyons's rumored Oulti-latum'' mny never see the light. Englaud, however, is far from being a hapby country. She is perpetually tormented with doubts and fears. One cause of trouble ailing her, she flies straightway to another, and is like the traditional personage who "was rever happy unless he was miserable." If her meratives are likely to nvoid starvation, in own great guns—so that there is no peace for er, but, on the contrary, continual worry and exation. England will still be unhappy, and if the United States do nothing to injure her, somebody else will. Nevertheless, she "inter-

res' only in circumstances where she knows THE DIEACIT IN PRUSSIA. The latest and most curious development of European complications is the brench in Prussia, between the King and his legislature. William, desiring to put the Prussian nrmy upon a footing which should justify him in detating terms to all Germany, and finding himself nnexpectedly thwarted by the constitutional scruples of the Chambers, incontinuity dissolved the session and sent the memnently dissolved the session and sent the mem-bers scattering towards their homes. Under the Onstitution—an instrument which the The constitution—an instrinuct which the Prinssians worship—the King had no right whatever to exercise this prerogntive of abso-tute despotism. He should have yielded to the chamors of the people and compromised with their representatives. But he is a mouarch of strong will and great tenacity of purpose, and is imperative in his small way as the Great Frederick was in his greater one; hence, trouble, disorder, utter confusion, in fact, in Prus It is an intestine quarrel, of smull in

EMPERON ALEXANDED AND HIS WORK. In Russin there is a sadder and more touch ng spectacle. A ruler who is conscientiously indeavoring to work out a great problem for ecuring the happiness of his people and and overbearing as the rebels who array themselves in a must against the government of this country. The Emperor's Proclamation of Emnacipation, antedating that of President Lincoln, phasts full in his path the solid phalmax of an "uristocracy" which is "both to command." He has environed his throne, not with earnest helpers and valuant fighters, but with a horder of half-civilized and desperate task mesters. with a norder of man-environce and desper nite inskmasters. Obstacles are put in the way of his beneficent plan of freedom for th outcast serfs of the empire, just as impedi-ments are placed between Mr. Liacola and th m to the idol of self-uggrandizement. There n curious likeness between the Russian byar and the Southern shveholder. The one decries liberty as a sin; the other fights against it as a crime. Both are welded to a system of slavery, and it matters nothing to them whether the race held in bondage is white or black, or held under an autocratic or a democratic form of government. Both

great law of Freedom.

The latest intelligence received from Russia Inclates that the work of emancipation makes progress, notwithstanding the difficulties which the Emperor has encountered. A letter from St. Petersburg, dated October 6th, gives a gratifying account of the results up to that time: "The affairs connected with the emancipation of the serfs (says the writer) go in suite of the obstacks inevitable in such on in spite of the obstacles inevitable in such complicated questions. The number of reglementary charters signed on either side up to September amounted to thirly-nine thousand three hundred and seventy-one, and the

number is increasing every day,

Out of ten million serfs emancipated there
are nearly four million who have terminated is charged with it has nireally delivered to the proprietors ten million silver rsubles (forty million francs), and hopes are entertained that in the antunin, after the close of the field libors, those who have hitherto delayed will take a decisive step. Things, therefore, do not go on very bully, and certainly much better than was at first expected.

han was at first expected.
This exhibit shows, first, that emancipations a foregone conclusion in Russia; and, secadly, that the Emperor has skill und energy nough to enable him to work out his giganticlan of reform. He has effected in a few n five years, and the violent opposition which he has been compelled to encounter seem-only to have rooted his determination more lesson is a good one for us; if an Au-perat thus triumphs over the opposi-tion of a titled aristocracy which has held the reins of power over debased serfs for centuries, a President supported by so serfs for centuries, a President supported by so large n body of loyal citizens as that which stands by Mr. Lincoln can certainly subdue the elamors of n so-called "aristocracy," which is neither born to place nor honor, nor postic is neither born to place nor honor nor honor nor postic is neither born to place nor honor nor h s neither born to place nor bonor, nor posses the acknowledged privileges of a tith class, but is in all respects spurious, weak, an neonsequential. It should be remembered oo, that the Emperor has occupied two year

in setting his great work in proper trim, in time of peace, and that if the enforcement of Mr. Lincoln's proclamation requires an equi

period of time, under circumstances of civi war and imminent peril, there will be no eason for discouragement or doubt. THE AUSTRIAN COMPLICATION

Francis Joseph, beset on all sides and droo ng under the weighty burden of a depleted e chequer, is a melancholy sovereign. It private character is not of a kind to inspichequer, is a melancholy sovereign. Il private character is not of a kind to inspil love or respect, and his royal ways are eve worse, for he is thoroughly hated by his suljects, and the grinding despotism of his rulgerty. There are flying rumors—of how accurate thamater it is impossible to say—that it is thatention of Napoleon to prepose the assenblage of a general Enropean Congress, in which france shall hold a controlling power, in older to carve out a new map of the nations after his own manner; and it is hinted that concessions are to be unade to Austria in return for relinquishment of her title and interest (shas no right) in the Venetian territory. These are probably uothing more than baseless report. Austria is at present securely placed in Veaction of the retritory; and will not willing resign the rich prize upon which the har fixe a firing grasp. Her interests are too closely connected with the Italian question to permit he to yield the strong base of operations in the Quadributeral for any prize which the other powers can at present guaranty to her; and moreover, she runs no immediate risk of violent disruption of that part of her empir by any strong effort of Italy. Italy can donothing now, if opposed by France, and she will not go to war with Austria for the possession of Venetia, when she cunnot wres Rome from the Pope because Napoleon stopthe way.

the way. Secure as Austria is, however, in her Ital secure as Austra 1s, however, in her its an possessions, she is in distress in other elections. She is a bankrupt nation. If the courses are exhausted, her credit impair and her enormous military expenditure is concertant eats into her life and prosperit Essentially a military despotism, she is estrished in her authority by bayonets rathan by inherent strength or skiluff management. In all the attributes of a prosper action she is deficient; her Hungarian dependents of the strength of the encies are ready to revolt again, and noth er to hold her place among the powers of to ontinent. Her day of renovation has not y

ITALY AND GAUIBALDI. Garibaldi, after throwing all Europe in nomentary confusion, lies wounded upon hold, and still troubles Italy and France. If war-cry of "Rome or Death!" has touched thord in the Italian heart that vibrates may chord in the Italian heart that vibrates musically to the slightest whisper. Though defeated, wounded, and broken, he speaks to the Italians in tones which they understand, and possesses his old power of magnetism, unimpaired by danger or disaster. The King dared do nothing else than extend nu amnesty to him, and, in retura, Garitaddi muonace, the preparation of a historical documen in which he proposes to establish certain facts by evidence. We may shrewdly guess what will be the purport of a part, at least, of this document, if it should be permitted to come to the light; it will probably contain some curious developments of the results of Frenchintrigue, and the end nimed at by Frenchintrigue, intrigue, and the end nimed at by French policy in the uffairs of Haly; and perhaps the exposure will again enrage Italy. The Pope however, is safe in his seat until Napoleor chooses to displace him; and, if displaced, he may be restored by the kind offices of the same tentate. Italy watches and waits.

QUIET KINGDOMS. The quiet States of Europe are the Seandi-navian kingdoms, those of the Peninsula, Tur-key, and Greece. None of these carry great weight in the circle of European politics, al-though the Dauish dream of a consolidated Seandinyian Empire might possibly change all that. However, that fact is not likely to be accomplished for some time to come, and there must first, begrent, discussion and a general must first begrent discussion and a genera consultation and patting together of kingly

THE PROSPECT. Napoleon is master of Europe. The other owers wait upon his nod, and chiefly do a rehended that he will proceed to extremes without the active aid of England. Neith

England, it is a question of pounds, shillings and pence; and the game of forcible interven PROPOSALS FOR FORAGE. Assistant Quanternaster's Office, Louisville, Ky, Nov. 6, 1862,

SEALED PROPOSALS, EXPORSED "PROPOSAL for Funge," will be received at this office anti-M, on the 13th just for formishing the followin implies, which mays be delivered at the Governme torchouse in Lonisville, Ky., vtz. Two hundred thousand leashels of Oats of

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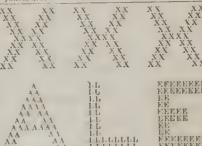
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PAL AND HOOP SKIRTS;

Patent Mica Chimneys.

PATENT MRCA CHIMNEYS FOR COAL OIL Lamps, warranted not to break, nightaw WM. SKENE & CO., Bullitest Lamps Without Chimneys.
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I HAVE FUR SALE SIXTY BARRELS OF SE-lected Apples, in excellent order for keeping, Now York Pipplus and Pryor Reds. DR. HUSSE, o21 df. Corner of Third and Jefferson. MARK & DOWNS Corner Fourth and Jefferson sts.,

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S OF ADVERTISING. | 1 month, | 2 months, 13 months, 15 months, 13 months, 13 months, 15 months, tre one half the above rales. Bent, for Hire, and such netices agate, 25 cents cuch hiserif a 25 cents. Oblination 30 ce

GED. P. PRENTICE; } Editors. PAPL R. SHIPMAN; } CLIVER LUCAS, Local Editor & Reporter

WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 12, 1862. A HARUSHIP. Some months ago, many hundred bales of cotton, belonging to private individuals, were seized at Nashville in behalf of the Government and used in the fortifications for the defence of the city. The cotton was taken just as it was on the point of being shipped to Louisville. Of course the loss to the owners of it was very serious, for, if it had come through, it would have been worth to them thirty-five or forty cents per pound.

The cotton, as we said, has been in the tho greatest respect for those who have had uatters in charge in that city, we cannot but think that this is all wrong. It was very well and very proper to take the coiton for temporary defence if there was an exigency and no time to construct fortifications of the orlinary kiad, but certainly carth-works or other works ought, in our opinion, to have heen thrown up long ere this, and the cottonbales released. Just think of the thing. A good bale of cotton would now command in market, we suppose, two hundred and forty dollars, while, in a fortification, it occupies a space which might be filled just as effectually with turf and dirt and rock at an expense of one or two dollars, or rather at no expense a all, for the thousands of soldiers could do the work when they have nothing else to do Now is it not a great, a very great wrong that fortifications so immensely costly should be kept up month after month, when cheap ones or those costing nothing could be so easily

For the cotton-bales seized at Nashville, Government receipts were given to the owners. We have no idea however that half remuneration or quarter remuneration will ever be made to the sufferers. And, even allowing that the Government will take the whole loss, whatever it may be, upon itself, surely that loss ought, for the Government's sake, to be male as little as possible by the restoration of the cotton to its owners at the earliest practicable day. The cotton, we learn by gentlemen from Nashville, is fast going to destruction. The soldiers spread it for their beds make their fires with it, and use it profusely for all their necessities. We earnestly appea to the authorities at Nashville to interfere in this matter without delay. We trust the appeal will not be in vain.

disregarded all old political strifes and divis ions. They gave up party organizations a unfit to be maintained in such a crisis. Merg ing all partisan preferences and resentments in he great and absorbing feeling of patriotism life-loug opponents struck hands with each other, and, without a moment's hesitation, de voted themselves with equal zeal to the sol einn and mighty work of defending the eou secrated Union against the impious and traitorous hosts that were during to assail it. The love of country was then a holy flame in neary all hearts; and the whole people, in view o the awful issue before them, could not reflec without a feeing akin to wonder upon the seal, the fury, and the hate, with which the had struggled against each other upon issue that no longer seemed worthy of a thought If at that time it had been suggested to them that, before the crushing of the rebellion and the re toration of the Union, they could be brought to renew their old partisan strifes, they would have regarded the suggestion with scorn and abhorrence. They would not have admitted, even in their own secret thought, the possibility of so shocking a sin against their

For a time the harmony of action on the part of the entire peoplo continued unbroken The President of the United States endorse and encouraged it by appointing to office hi old friends and his old opponents indiscriminately, and the popular verdict was ununimou and cordiel in support of his course. Old Republicans and old Democrats expressly of tacitly agreed to forego all discussion as to slavery and its many issues, at least till after the Uniou should be re-established upon a sure foundation. The resolutions of Congres in regard to the purposes of the war and the nuanner of prosecuting it were adopted with unanimity in that body and heartily endorsed with unanimity by the people. Thus matter at length the evil spirit, the foul devil of abolition, returned into the bosonis of his vota rics, who, weary of playing the patriot thought they discovered, in the excitement of the nation, their long-sought opportunity of mounting a whirlwind that should, even in the midst of war, sweep slavery from the face of the earth. Soon the anti-slavery rage tool possession of their souls, and only in the lurid and baleful glare of that feeling did they lool upon the war at all. In thousands of quarter they declared that they neither wanted the Union restored nor would consent to accept its restoration without the atter annihilation

of Blavery. rebels over-persuaded the President, partly by promises, partly by threats, to issue in an illtarred hour his unfortunate proclamation. Delieving that they could command a majority of the people, they organized for the late elecions, uominate I their candidates upon a party platform, and denounced as enemies of the dovernment and of the war those who refused to act with them. All conservatism they stamped as treason. They set all good counsel and all patriotic appeals at naught. They struck for a revolution only less beinous than that contemplated by the great rebellion. The result is before the world. The architects of ruin are vanquished. They are beaten back. They are ovorthrown. And now, deeply humbled and rightcously rebuked, it is to be hoped that they will go back to the ground they occupied in common with their fellowitizens during the first mouths of the rebeiion and in good faith unite with us in the energetic prosecution of the war with a sole view to the speediest possible restoration of

the Union, "the Union as it was." President Lincoln eun breathe free again, We trust he feels the lifting of a heavy weight from his bosom. The men who have insisted upon the right to prescribe his policy are made to realize their position. Those who have astated to by a power they dare not resist. The the Union. would be rulers are ruled, the insolent rebukers rebuked. Let the President do his threatens to plant fifty thousand Yankees in which has just spoken, and which majority whole duty to the Constitution and to the Virginia soil. But what if they should come wo are, as Americans, bound to regard and country, and he will be sustained, not perhaps up! by the fanatical, reckless, radical, impracticable spirit, that have hitherte attempted as ble spirits, that have hitherto attempted, not itself well used in Kentucky. It found itself fog, and say that this grand reaction is but by the vast conservative strength of the naready to accord to him a most liberal support the Union cause in Kentucky, he had better cals has covered the young Commander upon broad and just principles, giving men sit down upon it.

General McClellan, according to this ex- the last few months of his Administration tract, tailed to advance upon the enemy, as or- without consulting Mr. Seward. The state dered by General Halleck, when, in the opin- ment was at once met very directly by a car ion of the latter, there was no such want of from Mr. Weed, stating that Mr. Seward die supplies as to prevent a compliance with the not even speak with Mr. Buchanan on the sub order. It this opinion is correct, and if there | ject during the period in question. The New was no other sufficient reason for the pause of | York Times suspects that when the truth comes General McClellan, we of course have nothing to be known, it will be found that Mr. Seward o say in behalf of his conduct; but the ex- had some indirect agency in securing the ap planation of General McClellau, who is as reat a soldier and as good a patriot as Genral Halleck, is yet to be seen. It must appear ere long in some form; and, when it does apear, the public can make up its judgment in e ease somewhat intelligently and fairly. Until then, justice to General McClellan and proper respect for the Administration alike spose a prudent reserve concerning the sub-

The New York World continues to as ail the financial policy of Secretary Chase with great malignity. Here is one of its par

Secretary Chase, the most lamentable finan of failure of the present century, the hero of inplasters and dirty gummed postage stamps, to be retained in spite of the monetary disess he has brought upon the nation.

This is in miserably bad taste and fru per, and does not represent the conservativ pirit, the recent triumplis of which have glad dened the heart of the nation. It seems to u that there is neither policy nor justice in thes efforts to depreciate the sinews of the war. We have read with great attention all the World's articles on monetary affairs ever since Mr. Chas first broached his financial scheme, but the have failed to convince us that the Federa Nashville fortifications several months. With Treasury could have been more skilfully man nged or sustained than it has been under th irection of its present Secretary. Continua attacks upon mercantile credit will finally de stroy it, and if the World desires to impair th national credit it certainly has adopted a poicy which will effect the result as expeditious as the worst enemy of our Government con desire.

> It is the main glory of the recent great trinmph in New York, that it was a triumph upon exactly the right ground. The New York conservatives, as the Bostou Post says, met in convention and laid down their short neat, terse, and yet comprehensive platforn and placed on it a statesman until the close of the canvass. This platform admirably declared a determination to sink the past distinctive snes of the Democratic party, and to urg only those fundamental principles acceptable to Republicans of the type of Judges Thoma and Parker, of Massachusetts, and old lin Whigs of the typo of ex-President Fillmore of New York. Theso principles are eternal is their nature. Splendidly were they develope n tho calm, clear, noble speeches of Horati Seymour, which, because they kept ever i iew the limitations of law that separate wha local or the State from what is general o the nation, more nearly come up to the requirements of this hour-in our judgmentthan any speeches which this transcenden

erisis has elicited. REG General Charles D. Jameson died at hi esidence in Old Town, Md., last week. He was taken down with camp fever immediatel after the battle of Fair Oaks, and, after par ially recovering at New York, was taken nome, but has been gradually failing eve since. He was a gallant and brave officer, and When the rebellion broke out, the men under his command. It will be remem masses of the people of the loyal States, start- | bered that he was the Democratic candidate for

of the latter in New Orleans will furnish proedents for that other Jeff, whose surname Davis, when he comes into possession of ouis, Louisville, Baltimore, and Washington We are rather amused to hear that the 1eb lovernment means to take Butler as its model Does it intend to follow him in everythingwoman order" and all?

The rebels took 74,900 yards of jear om the Frankfort Woollen Co., promising t pay a dollar per yard, but ran away "hetwee wo days" without paying anything. Me Watson followed and overtook them and the handed him eight thousand dollars in Confed rate scrip, telling him that it was all they ha bey might have taken him to the next printng office and ordered the wholo amount struck off for his benefit.

The reason why the yellow fever ha revailed at Wilmington and Beaufort was that the Yankees oidn't get there' in season People used to think that Yellow Jack wa enerally fatal to Yankces, but the experience of New Orleans and other places shows that Yankees are particularly fatul to Yellow Jack

As President Lincoln was notoriousl f not contessedly induced by a strong outsi ressure to issue his emancipation proclam ion, can't he be induced by the later and fa tronger ontside pressure, combined with th nside pressure of his own good seuse, to fore go the thought of carrying it into effect?

Berlt is said that a large portion of Bragg' oops lately in the neighborhood of Nasl fillo were so destitute of clothing that n omen-except perhaps strong-minded refu romen-could venture to visit the camps.

When the gallant Gen. Jeff. C. Dav eturned to his command in the army of Gen Rosceraus, his old division received him with general acclamation. In regard to him here was no division in that division.

One Col. J. Harness advises, through Little Rock paper, that "every Federal prison er takon in battle shall be shot the momen the battle is over." We have often heard "bell in harness", and here it is.

Nor Mr. Buchanan expresses the opinio hat Gen. Scott must to some extent have for gotten what occurred during the last admin stration. Mr. Buchanan might well pray God for power to forget it himself.

The shores of the Atlantic have in poken by telegraph to those of the Pacific and the latter have made reply. Sunrise and undown will soon be indulging in flash-tall with each other. The Richmond Examiner anticipates

failure in the supply of coal for the rebel capi tal. The armies of the Potomac must press the rebels close and keep up their fires.

Ber Mr. Summer has delivered many peech upon the floor of the Senate that was as great an outrage as the breaking of hi head by Brooks upon the same floor.

Fernando Wood said in a late speec a New York, that, if he couldn't reform the lovernment, he would submit to it. No loubt Fernando would. The people of Mobile say, that, soone

than surrender their city, they will burn it. We hope they will send us a shovel-full of the ashes as a keepsake. If we would make the war-taxes as

ight as possible we must make the war as short as possible by quelling the rebellion as quick as possible. It is now the last month of Fall. We

trust that before the leaves shall be restored to unusic of his own patriotic heart. Shall we the trees the rebel States will be restored to not then, without one murmur, thus place the

to hold him in duress, but heavily taxed on its in-come. tion. The great mass of the people stand | Fig. 1f Humphrey Marshall wants to crush which has condemued the policy of the radi-

and money for the quick suppression of the Charles Summer says that he turns aside invulnerable against every assault? Shall we rebellion as freely as a gushing fountain gives forth its wators.

| The document says that he turns aside the Devil to meet his accusers. Oh yes—"aside the Devil turned." | In kid. No 1 L. document says that he turns aside the Devil to meet his accusers. Oh yes—"aside the Devil turned." | In kid. No 1 L. document says that he turns aside the Devil to meet his accusers. Oh yes—"aside the Devil turned." | In kid. No 1 L. document says that he turns aside the Devil to meet his accusers. Oh yes—"aside the Devil turned." | In kid. No 1 L. document says that he turns aside the Devil to meet his accusers. Oh yes—"aside the Devil turned." | In kid. No 1 L. document says that he turns aside the Devil to meet his accusers. Oh yes—"aside the Devil turned." | In kid. No 1 L. document says that he turned sa

We suppose the extract from a letter of Seward and Buchanan .-- The journals of General Halleck's to Mr. Secretary Stanton the country are speculating largely on the prepublished in our telegraphic columns yester- posterous statement put forth by a letter in the day discloses in part at least the ostensible. New York Post recently that Mr. Buchanan ground of General McClellan's removal. took no steps in regard to the rebellion, during pointment of Gen. Dix, Joseph Holt, and Mr. Stanton to places in Buchwian's Cabinet, prerionsly held by Floyd, Cohb, and Thompson and that those gentlemen consulted him more or less as to the best means of saving the country from the disastrous effects of Mr. Buhauan's course of action. What he did, therefore, was to aid them in saving the counry-not Mr. Buchanan in destroying it.

A St. Louis contemporary, urging point against an adversary, exclaims: "Look t the columns of the Republican, the Demoerat, the News, the Union, the Anzeiger, the Post, the Zeit, the Chronik." The exclaima tion is adapted to give one a somewhat vivid notion of the dimensions of "the German element" in our sister city.

The Richmond Examiner says that " Southern lady, with a riding-whip alone, can lisperse a dozen Federals." If she were very good-looking, and rode gracefully, and twirled her riding-while prettily, and sported her has jointily, and wore her cotton temptingly, she might probably take a dozen young fellows ike us captive.

Ber The Albany Journal thinks if the Conederacy should establish orders of nobility Beauregard should be invested with the dignity of "Knight of the Long Bow." Or perhaps the title of "Baron Munchansen," which has long been in abevaace, may be re

rived in his favor. The Richmond papers announce that Gen. Bragg has been confined. We hope he will be delivered of comething hetter than his

late proclamations. Wherever I turn in this war I find the Afri Yes: wherever you turn in this war we fine

the African. They talk about lost battles bein blessings in disguise." We would a little rather take our blessings plaiu.

Everywhere our armies are now upo the march. The rebels are quaking in their shoes—all but the shoes.

TO REPUBLICANS.

To the Editors of the Louisville Journal: NEW YORK, Nov. 6, 1862. Republicans of the Northwest, what is the eason that you will not now aid the country to present a spectacle to all men worthy of th ace from whence you spriag-a sight such a classic history records, and such as poetry and the arts immortalize? Why not create this

Can we not all now unite? Can we not a neasure a height beyond the monsings of po litical party, and soar above the crags, in the blue domain of that eagle which we love to talk about so much?

Never was so grand an opportunity as not to bathe in the pure waters of American patriotism; to renew, kneeling in our heart about our sacred constitution as around an alwas highly respected and beloved by all the tar, all our love for that dear and gracious in strument, and for those deathless men who achieved it. Ilumbly accepting the terrible astenings of the Divine arm beneath which thy can we not, with one accord, soul links rith soul, hand joined in hand, and voice ttuned with voice, make incarnate the con titution; and, like a band of brothers, join a the now dominant American conservative entiment, without the slightest deviation out the "platform" just erected by the spor aneous will of our noble people; and thu illying about our excellent and well-inten ioned President, push on nt onee a war ove and a war of fire and steel against th ur God; and so ennoble ourselves; and s abdue our focs; and so bewilder the vampire f European diplomacy with the splendor of public virtue that shall blind their eve with its residendent blaze; and so rekind! the fading fires of freedom, the wide world over, with fresh brands from the same bur ing which fell upon and kindled human hear wherever man had an aspiration to measu is unfettered energies with man, on that sa red day which launched this Republic and her star-gemmed flag upon the wide ocean.

Why not do this sublime thing? We will not speak, Republicaus, in any of fensive sense of the past. It has gone; let go down its blood-stained path! We will oul say that, so far as you had any mission in th esult which you achieved on your Chicago resolutions, you have achieved it. You have your President. You have your Wilmot pro riso. You have the abolition of slavery i the District of Columbia. But also you have a civil war whose progress was involving precedents atterly subversive of our form of rovernment, which were establishing for the central power a centralization beyond th wildest andacity of modern monarchy. I this gulf the very excess of loyelty was drift ing the President and the North-when th people pansed. It is well, is it not, to pans here? Were it wise to inflame the sense of sensitive constituency, now so loudly spoken y any attempt to test a conflict be ween the Federal and State nu horities? If not, let all the vagarie about military law, as extended over th nost loyal people on the globe, and over dis riets merely commercial and agricultural; l all attempts to stifle voice and pen by Admin strative force; let all taunts against each other's patriotism-let all these things go where safely they may go, to the judgment and virtue of our citizens-and, swearing tha we have but one heart, one interest, and one destiny, rush henceforward, as one man, t onserve the life of the nation, with the voy to know no other political question until ou ommon mother is free from danger, until her parrieidal and erring children once more grad her home.

When ouee again we have our househo safe and blessed, then we can more wisely au with calmer blood than has yet course through the veins of this young, proud, im patient nation, talk, in the light of our terrible experience, of the secondary matters American polities.

Republicans, shall we not do this? Shall we not agree to abide the doctrines of Clay is the policy of Ahraham Lincoln, his pupil, and so push on a united war to restore (and not to ment can prove us a Government, and, in this wise, we cannot fail to achieve it, and to render the Union and the Constitution stronger and better loved than ever before. We prize

the lost-aud the recovered! This is our national duty. The conserva tives of the land say these, my words, to the President who was not of their choice. And these are the words which Abraham Lincoln would have spoken, had be earlier known the public sense; for they keep step with the President before our united front, in obedience The Editor of the Richmond Whig to the mandate of that immense majority obey? Shall we be factious, rather? Rather a rebuke of the military conduct of the war, when it is notorious that the same verdict of our army with a shield of confidence

FOR SALE. BEST QUALITY OF PITTSBURG COAL AT THE lowest market price. Also BEACH BOTTOM GOAL at much lower rates by J. N. KELLOGG, Agent, sep2l distf Near the corner of Third and Main.

ROBERT L. MAITLAND & CO., Commission Merchants AND BANKERS, ROBERT L. MAITLAND, S NEW YORK.

NOTICE.

er cent interest on Deposits for a specified time and our per cent on those subject to Ien days' notice of

No. 493 Main streel. Southern Bank Notes WANTED. Tennessee. South Carolina,

A. BLAND, Banker.

Alabama, and Louisiana BANK NOTES WANTED by A. BLAND, Banker, Main st., near Fourth.

Georgia,

ROBIT MIRRELL, MURRELL & BOWLES, Commission Merchants, NO. 15 BROAD., ST NEW YORK.

86th Regiment Indiana Volunteers.
INTORNATION OF THE WHEHE, BOUT of L. W. Blair, Fr., Pompan) K, 86th Regiment, 1 permestly requested by

ON THE EVENING

LOST,

THE EVENING OF THE HITH INST., 100
g from colors of Centre and Chestant to Hit
topery, on Market street, above Third, \$100 ir
y Notes. The notes had a band round thei
d \$00, but one humbred had been taken out.
reward will be given for its delivery at the A SUM OF MONEY, BY MY GRANDAUGHTER, in the street, on Tuesday afternoon, Nov. II, while the owner can have by describing the amount and poing for this advertisement.

DR. J. M. TALROT, Fifth and Wahm).

Information Wanted I last. Any information as Io his wher I be thankfully received by me at Hodson, JOHN HOERNER

RAN AWAY,

Louisville & Frankfort and Lexington & Frankfort Railroads.

The first the second of the se NOTICE. ON ANIC AFTER NOVEMBER 12, FREIGHT will be received for all Stations on this road ht for Smith's Station must be prepaid.
SAM'L BILL, Sup'l

NOTICE. HEADQUARTERS, HILL KENTICKY LAVAURY, REWARD OF \$5, WILL BE GIVEN TO AN

ment. 27 years old, 5 feet, 6 inches lugh, fa eyes, and light hair; Sidney Agie 4 high, fair complexion, blue eye pulre Davis is 17 years old, ordina REMOVAL. THE BIBLE SUNDAY SCHOOL AND TRACT DE pository has removed from 413 Fromth street t 6, 2 Masonir Temple, dellerson street, uem Tomth here the subscriber will be happy to see all of his to

l customets. lynin Books, Prayer Hooks, School Book. Fancy Stationery in goeal variety. WM. H. BULKLEY

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LIBRARY ASSOCIATION CO. LOTTER OF KENTUCKY. R. FRANCE & CD., Managers.

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ARMY SUPPLIES.

OF THE U.S. COMMISSARY OF SUBSISTENCE LOUISVILLE, KY, NOVOHIBET 12, 1862. t quality Pilot Bread, packed in hich part laxes containing on the measure, 9 bushels of lest quality over White Beans, we senconed, thy, and them, in good, bright well-coopered burrels, full head fined, the prime Rice, in clean, good barrels, ful-head lined.

Roasted Coffee, in double sacks. ritied Sugar, in good, bright, well I barrels, full head tined. lity Star Candles, full weight,

will be deducted for all descriptions for each article and for each delivery will sheets at poper, be endorsed "Proposice," and be accompanied with n c 19

From or Processes, undersigned hereby band themselves, if this document in the definer, in compliance with agreements of the enclosed advertisement, the grounds bareous Shoulders at 5 cents per in or before the 25th of November, 1862.

COAL OIL  $\Lambda$ t 60 cents per gallon

U. B. EVARTS',

SALT. A few hundred barrels prime Salt just received and for sale if applied for

D. H. COWAN

Insures Lives on the Mutual Principle NET AUCUMULATION exceeding \$2,000,000, and increasing, for the beautit of members, present and future—the whole safely and advantageously business conducted exclusively for the benefit rsons insured, atest risk taken on a life \$15,000. s distributed unong the members every fifth n December 1, 1843—seltled in cash or by addi from the podicy.

Premiums may be paid quarierly, semi-annually, annually, or one half of the first five annual premiums on Lite Policies loaned to the insured, if desire WILLARD PHILLIPS, President.

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AUDITOR'S REPORT, HOWING THE BEUEIPTS AND EXPENDI TUBES OF THE CITY OF LOUISVILLE FOI THE MONTH OF OUTOBER, 1862. To the Honorable the General Council; RECEIPTS. For License-

y Revenue-Fost on back Tux, F. Moore, Railroad Tax Collec-or for Eastern District— On Water Tax..... On Volunteer Reliet Tax..... K. P. Thixton, Collector City Tax \$8, 194 13 K. P. Thixton, Collector West-cru District—tons Tax. 2,080 09 K. P. Thixton, Collector West-cru District—House of Hefriga Tax. 4,021 09

ethersonville Radfroad Company — To pay semi-animal interest on 199 bonds with commission..... nking Fund — 

EXPENDITURES. or Market-Houses Salaries and expenses for Sep-Service Fund -John M. Delph, Mayor..... 100 00 o Dennis Long ...... 2,000 00 ity Revenue-interest on note to D.

streets, Western District, 386 12

All of which is respectfully submitted, Very truly, W.M. McCARRELL, Nov. 8, 1862. NEW ORLEANS MOLASSES - 50 bits choice in received per debersonville Radroud and for story MOORE, INTERNATIONAL CO., North side Math. below Seventh at [18]1— 400 packages 1's, 2's, and 3's, in whole and 25 bl-and kits, 50 blds largeshore Herring;

teot. It is the best carried by the control of the etained only percent of the purchase money with the completion of the contract opposeds from contracters who have previously like comply with their bids, from disloyal persons, or the bidder is not present to respond to his bid, to the considered.

In amost of firms should be stated in full, with the warders of each member of the from the contract of the firm to be directed to Co. A. Beyswarm, A. D. C. S. 17. A., Washington, D. C., and endorsed sals for Beef Cattle.

guaranties until be appended to each bid, espansibility of the guarantors must be shown their destribute of the Pletk of the nearest Court or of the United States District Altor Bids which do not comply with the above will be re

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COTTONS, 4-I heavy brown and bleathed.

CANTON FLANNELS Blenched and brown. TICKINGS THISH LINENS,

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Cloak Department. CLGAKS of the latest and most fashionable style Also constantly on hand every possible variety ashionalde CLOTH CLOAKS, heavy BEAVER the

LUSTRES.

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VELVET do, SHAWLS of every kind, including TRAVELLING SHAWLS, &c. WHITE GOODS, HOSIERY, GLOVES, LA-DIES' AND GENT'S UNDERWEAR, NOTIONS, &c.

ZEPHYR WORSTED ENIT MOODS, SONTAGS S.BARKER & CO., 317 FOURTH ST., LOUISVILLE, KY.

HART COUNTY COUPONS FOR APRIL AND Detaber, 1862, will be paid by all d3 QUIGLEY, MORTON, & CO. Office Jefferson Insurance Company, olders on demand.
nH 13 JOHN MTR, President. UNITED STATES EXCISE TAX

ASSESSOR'S NOTICE. IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PROVISIO The Excise Tax Law, notice is hereby give have made the following divisions in that he Third Collection Historic of Kentucky com-he city of Louisville and the country of Jet-ind I have also appointed the following nam-denen as Assistant Assessors in the divisi-which their names are respectively attached: Ww. S. Davis, Assistant Assessor - Real Jushington street, between Play and Shelby. Second Davision-Second Ward.

Third Diemion-Third Ward. A. Y. Plaggett, Assislant Assessor—Resider frondway, between Brook and Fleyd. Fourth Dicition - Fourth Word. George C. Slavonter, Assistant Assessor-nce, Broadway, near First street. Fifth Division-Fifth Word. D. F. MINER, Assistant Assessor-Office 326 Jeffers

Sixth Division-Sixth Word. MARCELLES Brown, Assistant Assessor—Dflice at i. Wilson's law Office, Jefferson street, below cuter and Sixth. Screath Dirision-Seventh Ward. Joseph C. Butlen, Assistant Assessor—Residen roadway, between Eighth and Ninth. Columnes Cuammeris, Assistant Assessor-Res suce, corner Thirteeuth and Jefferson streets. North Director - Jefferson County

Brytomin Hankin, Assistant Assessor-Resider

LICENSES, All Manufucturers, Wholesale and Retail Den wyers, Physicians, Pedlers, Rotels and Ea onses, Wholesale and Retail Liquir Dedlers, Ba s, Butchers, Anctioneers, Bankers, and Bric e reguired to take out license. (See Excise MANUFACTURERS' MONTHLY RETURNS by thinds practiced in these particulars subjects to the of five handed dollars. (See Section Excise Law), doubtly returns must also be made by Auctiones ilrowls, Bridges, Steambants, and Frinybooks by Inteliers of the number of unimals slang jel forms for these returns will be furnished 1 Assesses. E16(AR NEEDHAM, P.S. Assessor, Third Collection District Kentucky

MILITARY AGENC Y 510 NORTH SIDE MAIN, NEAR THIRD STRLET LOUISVILLE KY. FOR INFORMATION CONCERNING THE LC cation or condition of all Indiana Treops South Officers and Schliers in service, or citizens of Ludam are requested to call at Headquarters as above, no dim U. K. FAIRFA: A. ATCHISON.

ATCHISON & FAIRFAX, ATTORNEYS AT LAW Solicitors of Claims arising from Losses and Damages by the Army and Navy during the Civil War, PENSION, BOUNTY MONEY, ARREAR

WE HAVE FORMED A CUPARTNERSHII with soveral eminent Allotnoys in Washington City, who propose to devote themselves exclusively a the procuring of the following class of Claims, viz: 181. Where Grounds, Buildings, Wharf-Boats, &c., ave been acceed occapied to the Army or Navy of the S. and the claim is for renl.

24. Where the Grounds, Building Boats, &c., have en injured or destroyed by the Army or Navy while cupying the same or whilst marching or hading.

24. Where property of any kind has been seized one skeaf or the use of the Army or Navy, with or without complis, and not poid for.

16. Where property has been destroyed or injured is an addicts acting under orders or in derogation of the contract of any seized place in the contract of the con We feel assured that we can offer facilities for see g Claims of this character that can nowhere le n th in the country, and can offer helicements that of every other character in our profession

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Wanted,
TRUSTWORTHV N.edit WDMAN. Must be
a good washer and ironer and understand plain
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W. K. BOWLING, Dean of the Faculty

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Corner of Sixth and Court Place.

RECEIVED THIS DAY AND FOR SALE—
1,500 Hes choice Palawbattrapes in shipping order;
20 firkins New York Butter;
10 libbs Unimberries;
20 libbs Honding;
250 boxes Handlurg Cheese;
A large supply of Sutters' Goods.
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HANK R. THOMPSON. JOHN L. BROWN THOMPSON & BROWN. Merchandise and Produce Brokers. NO. 19 WALNUT STREET, UP STAIRS. CINCINNATI, OIIIO.

I the latest styles. P & N. B. Two good, Machinists wanted. no do\*

COAL FOR SALE AT WHOLESALE. HAVE SIXTY THOUSAND BUSHELS OF THE best quality of Pittsburg Coal that I wish to close out. Teaders and large consumers would do well to all an use on board my new load, at the lost of Fifth siders and mage new hoat, at the recome, on board my new hoat, at the recome or apply 10 c has. Miller & Co., Fourth street, to apply 10 c has. Miller & Co., Eurth Street, and Dapt. 10. G PARR.

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2,500 CAYA LRY HDRSES WANTED, For which I will pay \$03 cash at J. L. Heynelds & Son's stable, Louisville, Ky.

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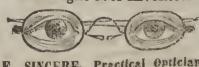
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E. SINCERE. Practical Optician,

M 188 M. T. PALY, FURIMERLY OF NEW YORK, M and late of Louisville, would respectfully announce to the ladies of this city that sile will open a feshioundle DRESS and CLICAK MAKING ESTABLISHMENT on Monday, November 19, at 68 Fourth street, had theor over 19, at Marray 4, where she will

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We Wish to impress on the minds of on customers that all editorial notiers intended to promote private interests will be charged far according to rates printed an second page. Too many expect, when they nover rise with us to the amount of two nr three dollars, editorial notices to a greater value than their advertising. Hereafter notices will be charged for.

Contents of First and Fourth Pages. Rebel Advance on Mus fordville-Death of the emi nent Surgeon Sir Benjamin Collins Brodie-Ger tions at the Polls-flon, Thos. Corwin-Homicide Troubles of Fifteen-lm h Guns-Indiana Again Dut raged An Old Soblier-"Cools to Newpastle"-Gralifying Order-Iron Plates and New Projectiles Commander of the Post-Report of Gen. Negley-Mystery - The Ilritish Secretary of War on Recogni tian-Telegraphic News-The Scutt Letters-Miscel

Werlt will be remembered that a Colouel Guinness, of an Illinois regiment, was indicted at the last criminal term of the Jefferson Circuit Court on the charge of aiding in the escape of slaves from Kentucky. An army chaplain attached to one of the Illinois regiments, was also indicted in connection with Colonel Guinness, and both persons are now in jail in this city awaiting trial. Other charges will be brought against the parties at the proper time, as it is said they have been guilty of crimes not named in the indictment now pending. It is alleged that they stole a large amount of valuable property from the residence of Wm. Preston Johnson, Esq., near this city, upon the strength of which Officer Thomas Reaugh recently made a trip to the residence of Col. Guinness, at Danville, Illinois, and, sure enough, found a portion of the stolen goods. In the lot was a quantity of china and glassware, marked with Miss Johnson's initials, some silver fruit and eake baskets, a basket of champagne, bearing a card which indicated that it had been presented to Col. Preston at Madrid, and other valuables not remembered. The artieles were placed in the hands of an Illinois sheriff, and will he forthcoming in due time. Officer Reaugh returned to Louisville last

Ma. Aikin .- We yesterday saw the Rev. Moses Aikin, who has just been discharged from Camp Chase, where he was for some rebel army, but he denies earnestly that he ever did so, and nothing has been proved against him. We have reason to believe that certain public statements as to Mr. A., made after his arrest, were founded upon misinfor mation. He seems to us to be a kind-hearted. frank man, and he avows his determination the quiet discharge of his duties as a citizen and a Christian.

Mr. Aikin states, that, at Camp Chase, he was treated with much kindness by the military officers and by the Governor.

INHUMANITY OF THE REBELS .- We learn from the Nashvillo Union of Sunday last that a respectable widow left. Huntsville, Aln., recently on a visit to a married daughter in Nashville. She arrived at the residence of at Nashville, died from the effects of that Captain B. D. Ilarris, n few miles from town, on the Nolcasville turnpike, where she was stopped by Confederate guerillas and forhidden to come any further. Sad and sorrowful she started on her return to Alabama. This excellent lady has three sons in the Confederout the means of subsistence. Unfortunately her daughter is the wife of a Union man-for though their hellish cause had taken all ber mond ou Monday. sons from her. When she started back home a couple of rebel women started from the same point for Nashville. The latter mct with no obstacle. They arrived in Nashville safely and without question by either rebel or Federal pickets.

Early this week a farmer of Jefferson county found in one of his fields a sum in demand notes equal in value now to \$20,000. He promptly deposited the amount with some of the county authorities. There is a law existing in some of the European countries which provides that one-half of such unclaimed treasure shall go to the government, but we believe there is no such statute in this country.

The work on the enlargement of tho entrance to the canal is progressing finely. When complete the danger of boats drifting out upon the rocks at the head of the falls, while ascending from or descending into the canal, will be averted. Much of the stone-work forming the new improvement is already in

Bes The resignations of the following officers in Kentucky regiments have been accepted on account of their ill health: Lieut. Colonel Bart Leeper, 1st Cavalry; Capts. John Smith and J. K. Harkley, 1st Infantry; First Licutenant W. O. Goodloe, 4th Cavalry, and

REBEL PAISONERS.—The steamer Star Grey Eagle left this port yesterday with three hunfred and forty paroled rebel prisoners, who are destined for Vicksburg preparatory to an exchange. Jack Allen, of Owensboro, and Lew Wise were of the party.

The mail from this city over the Louis ville and Nashville Railroad was conveyed by the mail agent as far as Bowling Green on Monday evening. At that point the mail matter for the army was delivered over to the custody of the soldiers, and by them forwarded

to Mitchellsville. RUMOHEU REBEL ANVANCE ON MUNFOOD VILLE.—We are led to believe that the report that the rebel General Wheeler is advancing upon Muofordville is untrue. Passengers ley the train from Mnnfordville last evening heard

no apprehension of an attack expressed there. POSTAGE CURRENCY, -One or two dealers received considerable amounts in postage currency yesterday, which was promptly sold n a premimu of 121/2 to 15 per cent. We warm them again that it is illegal and that the pun

ishment is a very severe one. HOG SLAUGHTER.-Messrs. A. S. White & Co. yesterday slaughtered two hundred and forty-two head of hogs on their own account, that number being all they had in the pens. The weather toward evening was too mild and

soft for hog-killing. Two steamers arrived from above yes- Mr. Lewis Kriel, U.S. Hotel Bar: terday with one thousand barrels salt, an article much needed in this market at present. There was an arrival at Cincinnati on Monday with

two thousand barrels. Forty-five rebel prisoners were brought down to the city last evening over the Louisville and Frankfert Railroad,

CONFEDERATES AROUND MEMPHIS. The Federal Advance South-A Battle Prob ably in Progress-Two Boats Burned on the River-Grand Junction Probably Destroyed

-More Cotton Burning at Ruleigh.

The Memphis Bulletin of Friday last has a ariety of reports and speculations from varins sources which we subjoin for what they are worth: A gentleman, just returned from Bolivar ria West Tennessee, reports that there was in advance of an immense Union army sonthward a few days since. The object and destination of the force it is unnecessary to state.

iation of the force it is unnecessity to state. We also learn from a gentleman who lives within nine miles of Grand Junction that the Inion army passed through Lagrange and Grand Junction on Tuesday, the 4th; and he sof opinion, from the large mass of smoke which he saw ascending, as well as from all accould learn, that the latter place, before this, has been utterly destroyed.

We may expect to hear, in a day or two, of We may expect to hear, in a day or two, of the triumphant onward movement of the Union hosts into Mississippi, and, in duc course of time, of the occupation of Grenada, Juckson, and Meridian. It is not improbable,

o, that Vicksburg may present herself as a udidate for Union occupation. About the town of Raleigh, we learn, there a company of about sixty gnerillas station, whose special delight it is to burn the cotto poor people trying to make their way with the Memphis market. On the 4th thi

irty found a poor old woman with a bule and half of cotton, en route for Memphis. She aid she wanted to jurchase a few necessary applies, and had nothing else to exchange for hem. But the guerillas had no hearts to be footed he had no hearts to be feeted by her wants, and they burned her otton before her face and threed her back, ar informant says that the people take the rning of their cotton "like they take the

We are gratified to be assured that the great vowing their sentiments in favor of the Con-itution and the Uniou, and we rejoice that ie day is not far distant when the real Union oice will make itself felt at the polls.

The Confederates are said to be hovering round Memphis, especially between there and onconnob, and White's station, their object eing, and explained by those who profess to know, to prevent Federal excursions into thei country from Memphis. We learn that the have no present intention of attacking Mem nis, unless Corinth and Bolivar falls int unds—which event they anticipate will be speedily decided. They are however making some movement or disposition of their forces between here and Holly Springs, which they are most auxious to prevent being known at Memphis. There is certainly less intercourse low than there was a weekly see the course.

now than there was a week ngo.

A gentleman just returned from the vicinity of Bolivar states that it was understood there but whether it was to occupy Grand Junction or attack Holly Springs, was not known. This statement receives a partial confirmation from the report brought by passengers on the Platte Valley from Columbus, to the effect that information had been received of fighting in morrows in the vicinity of Relieve. ing in progress in the vicinity of Bolivar. This may or may not be true. We give it for what it is world. But all the movements

that quarter are indicative of an early con The L. M. Kennett arrived from Helena this rning, but she reports nothing new or ex-

iting from that quarter.

The Platte Valley brings intelligence that n Monday night the ram Mingo, which has ast been turned into a transport boat, was de-troyed by fire. The boat had been on a trial ip, and on her return to the Cape, the officer aving left her, she suddenly burst into flames The enuse is not known. The Mingo drifted down the stream. She fell afoul of the ferry-boat which plies between Cape Girardean and the opposite shore, and which was a very fine boat, and it was also caught lire and entirely determined. lestroyed. The blackened remains of the Mi to lay on a bar four or five miles down when he I latte Valley passed. The destruction of both boats was entire. No person was lost or njured in the conflagrat on.

Counterfeit notes are accumulating 'addock's Bank Mirror of the 8th cantions the ublic against gennine notes of the Kentucky Stock Bank, Columbus, Indiana, having forged signatures. Persons who are not familiar with the genuine signatures had better refuse these months in confinement. He was arrested on notes altogether. Genuine impressions of this bank have been in some way obtained and the signatures are forged. There is a counterfeit three-dollar bill on the Stamford Bank Connecticut, in circulation. The engraving and lining of the bill is very poorly executed though it may deceive a cursory observer.

THEATRE.-To-night Mr. Hackett' will repeat his personation of Falstaff in King Henry to devote the rest of his life, if permitted, to IV, which is incomparable. We commend to our Generals in the field the words of the King, after his great victory over his revolted subjects at Shrewsbury:

Rebellion in this hand shall loose its swa Meeting the check of such another day, And since this basiness so far, ladr is don Let us not cease till all our own be won.

For John Corbitt, Esq., who was wounded n the head by some soldiers who broke into his premises during the night of the 1st inst., wound ou Saturday. Mr. Corbitt was one of the magistrates of the county, an old and highly esteemed citizeu. The Union says his kindly offices had endeared him to a large circle, and a more peaceable man did not live.

We learn from the Nashville Union ate army-her last, having been torn from her that Turner Foster, Esq., Judge elect of that by the conscript luw, leaving her almost with- Judicial circuit, nrrived in that city Friday evening from Camp Chase, having been exrhanged for the Hon. Edmund Cooper, of this the rebel gnerillas puaished her, even Shelbyville. Mr. Foster was to leave for Rich-

We have to thank Captain E. Eichorn. of the Louisville Silver Hand, for a succession of the most charming screnades with which we have ever been honored. Under the tuition of Prof. Kohlross and the direction of Capt. E this band has become a superb musical organi-

THE BRIDGE AT KENTUCKY RIVER .- The work on the railroad bridge over the Kenas to admit of the passage of trains over that structure this morning, thanks to the energy of the efficient superintendent, Col. Gill.

the residence on High street, Nashville itherto occupied by the Commander of the Post. General Negley has removed his headuarters to the residence of the late General Collicoffer, on the same street.

This city was in telegraphic connection with Nashville yesterday until the hour of clock last evening, at which time intercours through that medium was cut off. It is suf posed the wires were cut at some point below Gallatin by rebel guerillas.

Major General Mitchel was the inver for of the astronomical clock, now in use in all the observatories of the world-an inval nable mechanism for securing accuracy in the

A contract was awarded yesterday for the reconstruction of the bridge over Floyd's Fork, on the Bardstowa turnpike, which was lestroyed by order of Gen. Nelson

COURT MARTIAL COENTL l'HAMBER, November 6, 1862.

The following is a list of soldiers ad-

nitted to Hospital No. 11, Nov. 11th: A, 86th Indiana, oral, co. 11, 87th Indiana , 9th Kentucky. d Michigan,

a. H. seah Ohio.
co. H. 92th Ohio.
co. H. 2d Michigan Cavalry.
co. H. 2d Michigan Cavalry.
co. C. 23d Michigan.
co. C. 23d Michigan.
co. C. 3d Michigan.
corporal. co. H. 88th Indiana.
t. co. A. 98th Ohio.
27th Ohio.
on. co. R. 38th Indiana.
on. G. 97th Ohio. iceman, co F. 521 Ohio, ates, co, A. 1904, Hillinois, truch, co, A. 2004 Ohio, truch, co, A. 2004 Ohio, truch, co, A. 2004 Ohio, in the management, part of the inth, or, E. 1004 Ohio, in Coloma, co, A. 8016 Hillinois, Martus, co, H. 124 Indiana. Slack, co, B. 2014 Ohio.

The following were admitted to Hospita No. 4. Nov. 10th: J dui Contoy, 19. K, 1st Tennessee, Lorenzo D, Sullivan, co. C, 17th Ohlo, Tintothy Sullivan, co. D, 21st Kentucky Milton Addrs, co. B, 8sth Indiana, The following were admitted to Hospita

No. 5. Nov. 9th: Admitted to Hospital No. 1, Nov. 11. John Meck, sergeaut, co. H. 5th. Kentucky, Cavalry John Slock, co. E, 57th Indiana. The following were admitted to Hospitul No. 5, Nov. 10.

John C. Good, private, co. F, 6th Kentucky Cavalry, was badly wounded in the arm by accidental discharge of his gnn, Nov. 10th and sent to Hospital No. 10. The following is a list of patients in Hospi-

tal No. 15 , 3d Dhlo.

23d Michlgan,
h Indiana.
, 71th Indiana.
th Indiana.
b Illineis.
b Obio. I, soft Hilmeds, F, 98th Ohio, S, 87th Indiana, F, 87th Indiana, F, 87th Indiana, F, 87th Indiana, F, 87th Indiana, Operad, vo. III, 181 Michigan, 91I, 181 Michigan, 91I, 181 Michigan, 71th Indiana, co. G, 88th Indiana, co. G, 88th Indiana, bian, co. I, 31st Ohio, 21st Wisconsin, co. I, 21st Wisconsin, co. I, 21st Wisconsin, co. I, 28th Wisconsin, co. I, 28th Indiana, geomt, co. E, 87th Indiana, geomt, co. E, 87th Indiana, geomt, co. E, 87th Indiana.

i Dhio. , 15th Michigan. 1-15th U.S. Infeatry A, Jeth F. S. Infoat ste Indiana. ro. A, 81st Indiana. to Indiana. stat Indiana. stat Indiana. th Indiana. e. E. stik Indiana. e. E. stat Indiana. et Indiana. Set Indiana. Set Indiana. Set Indiana.

, s2d Indiana. St Michigan Artillery

ral, 11th fillnoss caralry.

HOGS AND PROVISIONS IN CINCINNATI

On earlb, wel appointed to blossom, Where all must be long know decay, The Giver of all sent His angel To hear her to Heaven away. In the garden of God, now transplanted, She expands in perpetual day. In the velley of shadows, we linger, Who fostered our delicate flower, Bur heart-strikes now vibrale with sadness And lone is each wearisone hour. Our path seems each rouded in durkness, And heavy clouds over it lower.

Matches.

150 CASES NATULES, VARIOUS KINDS.
ORBIN RAWSON,
888 Main street

Notices of the Day.

Our readers should remember that an ng at 10 o'clock at L. Kahn & Co.'s, 404 Lost Money.-See advertisement of \$100

Treasury notes lost. People who supposed there was a fight on the corner of Main and Fourth streets yeserday, were much mistaken. The crowd was ccasioned by the splendid show of goods in

pan of first-rate horses and two sutlers' ragons. Apply to Alex. Price's store. n12 d3\*

Good THINGS AT THE ST. CHARLES.-The proprietors of the St. Charles, Fifth street, nr almost cruel to tempt the hungry passer-by with such delicious haunches of venison, such braces of grouse, such strings of fish and game and such miscellaneous luxuries as graced their show-window and adorned their larder yes FEATHER DUSTERS .- A large assortment just

urrived at Gay's Chiua Palace. nll j&b6 Wholesale Millineny Goods.—Otis & Co. 516 Main street) have a full and desirable tock of millinery goods. They will also receive a choice selection of monitor bats, ! estrich plumes, ribbons, flowers, and other specials this morning and every day this

n10 dtf

NINE MONTHS' RECAULTS .- The War Department having authorized the raising of nine months' men in lieu of the draft in Kentucky, Colonel Isaac Shelby Todd has been anthorized by Gov. Robiuson to recruit regiment of nine months' men, to be mus ered into the service of the United States as infantry. They will be entitled to the same pay, clothing, and allowances that other troops eccive except that they will get no bounty n all other respects they will be on the same ooting with the troops heretofore raised in

Those who desire to raise companies in this regiment can report to Colonel Todd at Shelyville or Major John M. Semple at Louisville, when they will receive the proper nuthority to progress with the work. n10dtf ONE HUNDARD AND TWENTY-THIRD ILLINOIS REGIMENT - ATTENTION! - The sick and wounded men of this regiment will find des criptive rolls at Barracks No. 1, Main, between Seventh and Eighth streets. n7 blaj5\*

Dr. John Bull's Pectoral of Wild Cher ry is the most reliable medicine now in use for the cure of coughs, colds, and consumption. Sold by all druggists.

To AGENTS AND SUTLERS .- Something new will create a decided furore im camp—equally useful to the civilian-the new Postage Cur rency Pocket-Book, with calendar for 1862 and '63. Every person should have one. Price only 10 cents. A liberal discount mado to wholesale buyers. For sale by

W. H. EHRICH, Agent for Cin. Com., At Chas. Dearing's, Third, bet. Markel and oct30dlm Jefferson, Louisville, Ky. CONFEDERATE (REBEL) MONEY .- We will send, post-paid, to any address, on receipt of fifty cents, currency or stamps, a \$100, \$50, \$20, \$10, \$5, \$2, and \$1 bills; also, a 5c, 10c,

15c, 25c, and 50c shinplasters, as specimens, finely executed on bank note paper, and so perfect that they cannot be detected from the genuine. Address R. JONES & CO., Box 1261, P. O., St. Louis, Mo. 030 d&w1m\*

A CHANCE FOR ALL.-Col. A. J. Alexander wants to enlist one company more of picked New York. Sold everywhere, and applied by all Hairchoose all their own officers from the members Is invaluable with his Dye, as it imparts the name of the company. Call at his recruiting office, softness, the most beautiful gloss, and great vitality on the south side of Main, near First. o22 dtf, to the Hair.

KEEP IT BEFORE THE PEOPLE that the Louis- ols deod we owlm ville Gold Pen Manufactory is the place to buy line Pens, Holders, Cases, &c. Everybody Ben Pens, Holders, Cases, &c. Everybody Ben Pens, Holders, Cases, &c. can get a pen to suit them there. Gold Pens Repointed for 50c. Pens can be sent by mail. Office ou Main street, below Fourth. N. B .- Stencil Brands eut as usual.

o2I dtf R. C. IIILL (late Barne & Hill). HURRAN FOR McCLELLAN and a good gold pen! Soldiers, if you want a fine gold pen and lar price list with club rates. By so doing you will get a tip-top pen cheap. For further particulars see eard below. R. C. HILL. Gold Pen Manufacturer, 407 Main street,

Gold Pen Manufacturer, 407 Main street,
Louisville, Ky.

CARD.—Having just returned from New
York we are oppoint new your new goods. York we are opening now our new goods, such as toys, workboxes, writing desks, persuch as toys, workboxes, writing desks, perfumeries, soaps, combs, and brushes, fans, jet goods, travelling bags, baskets, &c., &c. We will have a larger and better assortment

than ever before.

No. 220 Fourth street. For all kinds of lumber, dressed and ndressed, sash, doors, blinds, mouldings hoxes, &c., call at Alexander, Ellis, & Co.'s planing mill, sash, door, and bliud factory and lumber yard, on Fulton street, just above Preston, fronting the river, or at their lumber yard, corner of Walnut and Preston strects or leave your orders at their warerooms or Main street, nearly opposite the Galt House

## Louisville, Ky. PRESENTS

To Suit Everybody

SUE'S VARIETY STORE

In this city, on the 11th inst., at 12% P. M., Mrs The Shelby News and Indianapolis papers w

DIAMONDS!

RICH JEWELRY, GOLD CHAINS, FINE WATCHES, SILVER WARE, PLATED GOODS,

SWORDS & MILITARY EQUIPMENTS FLETCHER & BENNETT,

ne dielm

AMUSEMENTS.

LOUISVILLE THEATRE. mportant auction sale takes place this morn- CORNER OF FOURTH AND GREEN STREETS

rated American Actor MR, HACKETT. MIS EVENING Wednesday), No Feated Shakspour's great Historical Play, in a cutified KING HENRY IV Sir John Fab Mr. Hisekett. ...Song by Alfred Stewart......To clude with the Laughable Farce cutified IENDEZVOUS.

Considered by the splendid show of goods in Green & Green's windows.

Styleas.—For sale at Bowling Green two Styleas.—For sale at Bowling Green two For particulars, see small bills.

AUCTION SALES. Important Auction Sale BY L. KAHN&CO.

404 MAIN STREET. ()N WEDNESDAY, Nov. 12, commencing at 1 o'clock, we will sell a very desirable stock FALL and WINTER GOODS, consisting as follow Large Invoice of BLUE CLOTH, SATINETS, CASSI MURES, fancy and all Wool DELAINES, CASH MERES, dr.; forwar and bleached SHIRTINGS PRINTS, SUSPENDERS, GLOVES, CANTON FLAN NUL, all Wool FLANNELS, HANDKERCHIEFS HOOP SKIRTS, IRISH LINEN, with a large llu of GENT'S UNDERWEAR, BUCK GLOVES an GAUNTLETS, together with a large line of No TIONS, all of which will be sold without reserve. We invite merchants to attend this sa

SPECIAL THREE DAYS' AUCTION SALE BY THOS. ANDERSON & CO., On Tuesday, Wednesday, & Thursday 11th, Lth, and 13th November, 1862, of

Dry Goods, Boots, Shoes, Brogans, Hats, Caps, &c. ON WEDNESDAY, at 10 A. M., without reserve ON THURSDAY, at 19 o'clock, without reserve— labour of the stock of a Bry Goods Jobber. Also myoices Cassimeres, Clothes, Salmets, Flannel Jeans, Luesys, Hoop Sku4s, Tus., Stock Goods, Ar., At 12 C.P. M.—

> THUS. ANDERSON & CD., Special Notices.

CARD TO THE LADIES. DR. DIPONT'S SIGAR-COATED FE-MALE REGULATING PILLS are the or Sent by mail to any address by S. C. Upnas 4113 CHLSTNCT STREET, PHILADELPHIA, PA. Circular

BE WISE BY TIMES!

And trifle with your Heath, Constitution, and Instructer,
If you are suffering with any Diseases for which
HELMBOLUS EXTRACT BUCHU.

is recontiended,
TRY 1T! TRY 1T!
It will Cure you, Save Long Suffering, Albying Pain and Inflammation, and will notere you to
HEALTH AND PIRITY,
Ai Little Expense,
Aid No Exposure,
Unt out the Advertisement in another column, and call meeting for it
EFWARE OF COUNTERFEITS!
Ask for Heimbold's.
Take No Other,

CURES GUARANTEED. 5 cod&cow2m CRISTADORO'S HAIR DYE There is no Hair Dye in use so pure, so free from al pectionalde properties, that produces such splendie id permanent thits, or that operates so quickly, uni

CRISTADORO'S EXCELSIOR HAIR DYE. This matchless article is pronounced by all who ave ever applied it or seen it applied the most would shade of brown or the decrest black. It leaves the

lufautry within ten days. As no officer for Price \$1, \$1 50, and \$3 per box, according to size. the company has been designated, they can | Cristadoro's HairPreservative

Price 50 cts, \$1, and \$2 per boltle, according to size 

THE GREAT cannol call at my office, please send for circu- INDIAN MEDICINE.



CHEROKEE CURE,

Bir In the Chernkee Cure" the poor, debilitate worn down, and despatring devotes of sensual pleasu will find relief. The listless, ennervaled youlb, can of business, the victim of nervous depression, the

gedical aid we would say:

Never Desputa! The "Chernkee Cure" will relleve you after all Quack Dueturs have failed!! ErrIt deals with disease as it exists, not only siril ng at the very seat and removing the causea upor

which it depends, but it rebuilds the broken constitu Hon, carrying life and health through every vrin an

repared from pure vegetable extracts in the form of a

Drug Stare in the country; or write the Preprietor full Trealise in pamphlet form. forwarded by Express to all parts of the world. Be Sold by all respectable Druggists everywhere. Ta Dr. W. R. MERWIN, Sole Proprietor,

No. 6 South Fourth street, ST. LOUIS, MO. FT Sold in Louisville by RAYMOND & TYLER nd all respectable Wholesale and Retail Druggists, NEW CLOAKS.

200 NEW CLOAKS ON EXHIBITION

THIS MORNING AT C. T. MERRIMAN'S. National Holel, Fourth street.

COFFEE AND SUGAR
Ste bags good to choice Rio Ceffee;
2st black prime N. O. Sugar;
to talk choice Refined Fellow Sugar;
1 por talk Crished, Granulated, and Powdered Sugar
All for sale at lowest market rates to
R. M. BISHOP & CO.,
will dive 2s Motor L. Prefinantia, D.

General McClellan's Farewell Order. Lee and Longstreet at Culpepper.

Jackson and Hill in the Valley. Order Relieving General McClellan. Capture of the Steamer Carolina,

News From the Gulf Squadron. Despatches from Admiral Farragut.

NEW YORK, NOV. 11. The following is the order relieving Gen WAR DEPARTMENT, ABJ. GEN.'S DUTIEL, WASHINGTON, Nov. 5, 1872.

de, de, de, de.

General Orders No. 182. By direction of the President of the Unite tates, it is ordered that Maj. Gen. McClellar e relieved from the command of the Army o ne l'otomae and that Maj. Gcu. Burnside take By order of the Sceret [Signed] E. D. TOWNSEND, A. A. G.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 11. Gen. McClellan and staff left Warrenton rawn up in line. Gen. McClellan, in nonse to a call for a speech, sall: "In ou to stand by Burnside as you have stood ne and all will be well. Good-bye."

FOATHESS MONROE, NOV. 10. The Richmond Examiner of November leaking of the results of the Northern electors, says: This astonishing manifestation the North conveys the idea of an entitle of the conveys the idea of an entitle of the conveys the idea of an entitle of the conveys the idea of the conveys the co thatic and impressive verdict against it abolition faction which has ruled the government at Washington. The Northern pape attempt to lessen the value of the results of the dections in the eyes of the South. The value of the results of the control of the control of the south. the cutons in the eyes of the South. The value however, is determined by the circumstance that the principal idea in which the recent cauvass in the North was conducted was that the Democrats were for a peace treaty in disgnise, and with this issue thrust in their faces, the people of their most powerful States in the North have given un precedented majorities to the Democratic can dislates and a blow to the abolitionists that will stagger them into the back ground. Illdates and a blow to the abolitionists that will stagger them into the back ground.

The Examiner says the prospects of European intervention have dissolved like a snow wreath. But a short time ago our people were thereted by indications that England and France were about to take some action that would be tavorable to the South. It is know that the observed here the south stage.

our national existence being early recognize by England and France as a distinct natio transactions have been made to some extension foreign capitalists in Confederate bonds eighty-six cents on the dollar. There is, however, no mistaking the significance of the speech of the British Secretary of War, in which he asserts that the South haven as yet accomplished her independence on the speech of the printerpolymers. not as yet accomplished her independence as must be regarded as a belligerant, holding nucertain position in an undecided war. Th British Government will in no way and at n time, nor during the continuation of this wa recognize the South as one of the nations the earth or interfere to limit the duration this war while the soldiers, who enlist to fig are at Drury's and Chapiu's Blulls in felling rees and ditching up to their knees in mud

Richmond is full of free negroes and slave. ne extent of whose occupation is obstruction the markets. The Yankees set an example our authorities in their employment derline of 10c within the week.

From Northern Virginia it is rumored that
Gen. Lee, having decoyed the enemy iato a
trap at Sniekersville, fell upon them with
great slaughter. We have failed to oldain
from the war officer anything confirmatory of
this pleasing story.

Il. All soldiers found standing about the
streets obstructing the crossings and sidewalks
will be arrested, whether with or without
passes.

III. Officers will not be permitted to lounge

The mail steamer Rhode Island arrived from the Gulf to-day reports all quiet at New Dr-leans, Mobile, and Hilton Head. She brings large mail but no news.
The Monitor came up from Hampton Roads

The following farewell order was read to the troops composing the Army of the l'oto-mae ye terday morning at dress parade: HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC, NEAR RECTORTOWN, VA., NOV. 7.

Officers and Soldiers of the Army of the Potomo abled, the strongest association which ca exist among men unite us still by an indisso-uble tie. We shall ever be comrades in sur

consequently they will be assessed only on the excess over \$1,000, and then only when their whole circulation reaches 2,000 copies. The agent of Associated Press is authorized by the Secretary of State and Secretary of the

reasury to say that the reports of Cabine ivisions upon the measures of the Adminis ration, which gained some currency, are al-

Run bridge, and all the way up to Rappaban Contrabands rowing into our lines repor Longstreet in command of the rebel fore Culpepper, and that Lee, who command turnes with Stonewall Jackson's somewhere in the valley, and that Longstreet's forces, and others at Culpepper, were thrown there to pre-vent the Union army from getting between the main body of the rebel army and Richmond.

A letter from a son of Mr. Fulton, Editor of the Baltimore Americaa, dated "Pensacola, nboard the Hartford, Oct. 29," says that the

Co. White was formerly employed by the American Bank Note Company. All the paraphernalia of the counterfeiting business warecovered. The fluished plates and viguettes the counterfeiting business was recovered. also those in process of engraving, betray a ster workman. The finished plates recov master workman. The finished plates recovered were on Yew York, Rhode Island, and Connecticut banks.

The Secretary of the Treasury is horrowing money to-day of the New York banks to pay be many of the Potomac. The money will be replaced by the sales of 63-4a Treasury notes.

Rev. Mergan Dix, brother of General Dix, was to-day chosen Rector of Trunity Church,

About twelve o'clock last uight a fire broke out in the hasement of the store, 537 Broadway, occupied by Firth, Pond, & Co., music dealers. The llamage to the stock and fixtures

The Navy Department has received volum inous despatches from Rear-admiral Farragut, dated "Pensacola Bay, Oct. 15." After stat-ing that Galveston, Corpus Christi, and Sabine ting that Garreston, or passive the data cannot city and the adjacent waters are now in our city and the coast of Texas with noting volunteer Lieut, J. W. Ketrilge, with the bark Artest Lieut, J. W. Ketrilge, with the bark Artest Cannot Sandon and ur T. Little, the steamer Sachem, and much, with which force he said be co-

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS, took the places and made several captures and ompelled the enemy to burn several vessels

ner and carried to Houston, where they led him on condition that he should th and not serve again until regularly ex-I next sent the Kensington, Acting Master Crocker commanding, with the Rachel Seamen and a lanneh with a howitzer to Sabine Pass; they, too, succeeded well. He found at the bar one of the mortar schooner, the Henry James, Acting Master Pennington, who he invited to take part with him, which he did, and, according to Acting Master Crocker's report, performed his duty with great credit. They took the fort and are still going ahead fuely, having taken several prizes, one of which arrived here yesterday with despatches.

I next sent Commodore Renshaw with the gunboats Owasco, Harriet Lane, Clilton, and Westfield to take Galveston, which he did in the shortest time and without the loss of a man. It appears that the first shot from the dwasco passed directly over the heads of the

Awasco passed directly over the heads of the men at and around the big gnn, their main reliance, and the men lett. A flag of truce was hoisted and the preliminaries for a surrender exchanged, which took place on the 9th

Corpus Christi and the adjacent waters are till held by the Sachem and other vessels. [Special to the Tribinie.]

NASHVILLE, Nov. 10. General Rosecrans and staff arrived last ight, having left Bowling Green at 6 o'clock hat morning on a train to Mitchellville, and without interruption from gnerilla Many dwelling houses along the route have been destroyed, and the country looks pain ully desolate. The forage and stock of th habitants is nearly all gone. The reports
out the starving situation of Nashville are

About 30,000 bushels of eorn and other snl stence were in store when McCook's corp The recent attack of the enemy was a re onnoissance and a feint to enable Morgan' guerillas to destroy the railroad bridge. We lost thirty in killed and wonnded.

The enemy is still in considerable force a lunfreesbore, but is retreating beyond th enoessee river, destroying every thing ived from Mitchellsville last night.

An error has been discovered in the first out of the votes of the Third Congressiona District which elects flon. A. H. Rice to Congress in place of Mr. Sleeper by 12 majority Inthanapolis, Nov. 11.

The Governor has appointed, the 27th inst., as a day Thankegiving and prayer.

Military operations here continue quiet and active. Several regiments have gone forward uring the past few days to the seat of war. Governor Morton returned from Washing-on last night, after an absence of two weeks small notes and politai currency for distribi

There is a consoling fact connected with the rebel Semmes's late career. Quite a nsured in England. Some squirining may be looked for among the underwriters of Liverpool and London. And then, again, it is said one of the vessels destroyed was partly owned at Charlestou and Savannah, and an other at Richmond, Va., of which Semme was probably unaware.

Thos. J. Owens, of Newcastle, Henry county, has been appointed Assistant Assessor of the Excise Tax for the counties of Henry and Oldham. The appointment is a most excellent one.

HEADQUARTERS PROVOST MARSHAL, ) LOUISVILLE, Nov. 11, 1862. 1. All soldiers found in coffee-houses or ounging about coffee-houses will be arrested,

will be arrested, whether with or without IV. Heedless driving or riding, calculated to

F.H. GIBSON. Apothecary, CAPITOL DEUG STORE, OPPOSITE POSTOFFICE LOUISVILLE, KY. Pure and fresh Medicines, Chemicals, Drugs, &c.; Choice Toilet and Fancy Articles; Fine and pure Liquors for Medicinal pur-

Fine Tobacco and Cigars.

G. B. TABB'S. REPT AND PLAIN MERINOES; PRINTED MERINOES; PLAIN AND PRINTED DELAINES; CASSINETTES AND CASSIMERES SHAKER AND WELSH FLANNELS; BALLARDVALUILANNELS;

MANCHESTER GINGHAMS, TRISH AND TABLE LINENS; LINEN AND COTTON SHEETINGS NAPKINS AND DOYLIES; BLEACHED AND BROWN COTTONS: JEARS AND LINSEY; SHAWLS, a large stock; SHAWLS, " "

Corner Market and Fourth #14. poy charges. Jailer of Bockeastle of

The above Goods will be sold as low as can be found

G. B. TABB,

HOTEL FOR SALE. al Nortion HOTEL," SITUATED AT LEI Junction, Ky, on the Louisville and Nash Jood. This well-known enting stand on

delating acro long a four acro long a four acro long as four acro long as four acro long the latest the latest across the long th

2 37 Maly street, between Third and Fourtl

GEO. W. SMALL,

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS, & ACTON YOUNG, Proprietor

lath, between Main and Market streets

CURTAIN MATERIALS.

SUNDRIES-ga hids No. 1 Sell; ga hids Table Sall (In small bags); (acets Tubs;
by as pint and quart Flasks;)
of luk;
lable Wrapping Paper;
crass Gates' Matches;
gress Gruber's do;
of the highest do;
do;
do the highest dose
do;
do the highest dose;
do the complete do;
do the highest dose;
do the complete dos

DILCIOTHS

RIVER NEWS.

PORT OF LOUISVILLE. ARRIVALS YESTERDAY. DEPARTURES YESTERDAY.

en, Buell, Cincinnati. Fudine, Madison. rio, Concordia. Star Grey Eagle, Cairo. ay, with two feet ten inches water to the canal last enling. The weather was cloudy and hazy, with in The R. B. Hamilton and new 131a Faber came down m Pomeroy yesterday, each bringing five hundre

> red army wagons and a quantity of other freight. The Shir Grey Eagle departed for Calro last evening fith three bundred and fifty paroled robel prisoners. estined for Vicksburg.
>
> The new Ella Faber, Capt. Murray, having been mayoidably detained, will leave the Portland wharf or St. Louis at ten o'clock this morning. She is an egant light-draught steamer.

The Starlight arrived from Piltsburg with one hur

We learn from the Cincinnall Commercial that the ellie Rogers arrived there on Monday with two The government has offered \$31,000 for the New nele Saucal Cairo.

nd passenger packet for Cinctinuali at the usual hour The Trio, Captain Ballard, will run regularly here brandenburg. She will leave every Tuesday, Thu

COMMERCIAL. DAILY REVIEW OF THE MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE LOUISVILLE JOURNAL, WEDNESDAY, November 12, 1-62. The rates for gold are deemed loo high, and open ous are very limited at nuchanged rates. The bank were luying sold at 27@25 B cent premium and elling al 32031 7 cont. Silver is unchanged at 200 ? P cent buying and 27025 P cent premium selling. he ruling rate offering for demand notes was 23024 rout premium.—There is a better demand for East-rn exchange, the bankers buying at 岩谷 cent disount, and selling at par to 1/4 ? cent premium.

FLOUR AND GRAIN-Flour dull and quehanged, with les of extra brands at \$5 50.65 75. Sales of 2,000 bush s wheal at 900031 for red and prime white. A better emond for corn, with sales in bulk at 40042c. Cheege-lo good riemand, with sales 200 boxes

Wastern Reacy at 10%@11c.
CourtassF-Active. We quote from barrels at 4%@ 50c, pork \$1.75, land tierces \$2, kegs 70c, bam tierces \$1.30, half farrels 90c, whisky barrels \$1.75, staves \$15.90, \$0.35 it thousand, froop poles \$17@18 pt thousand. APPLES.-Sales green at \$200@2 75 % bbl GROCERIES-Unchanged, with sales 6 libds New Otobls New Orleans molasses at 75c, 8 bbls New York

io coffee at 33c. Perators-Salea from wagons at \$1 50 % bb FEATURAS-Advanced, with sales at 400 P n. Sui ETINGS-A sale of to bales G. W. at Brans-In good demand, with sales while at \$2592 2,

dozen, calt skins 900@31 for city, and French sall SALT-Large receipts, with light sales at 90@,50 }

Flour closed dull, and suportine would not sell at over \$5.50. Wheat dult and 20 lower. Countingood demand at 170. Oats 300053c. Rys 64065c. Whisky firm at 315c. There is a fair demand for mess perk. ,000 bbls sold at \$10 75. Green meals dull at 35c, 5c Land dull, 594 Herces sold to be delivered next week c; for next month il would not bring over 8%

logs and are many at a constraint of the speed to accept these rates, therefore not much is one accepts 5,000 hoad. Groceries firm and anchanged, old advanced to 1.3. Silver and demand, notes, un-NEW YORK, NOV. 11, P. M Flour market 5@10c lower, with a moderate business or extra State, \$5 90006 for superline Weslern, \$6 1000 umon to good shipping brands extra round hoof

Is omber Michigan at \$1 1161 47. Rye sleady at 7509

designed; sales of 150 boxes at side. Money market active and firmer; call hans quoted at 6 P cent and discounts on premium paper 607 P

vernment stocks lower, United States 68 of '81 1034; Cattle Market-The current prices for all the markels were us follows. Beef cattle, first quality, \$100.09, or dinary \$7.25@8.25, common \$0.50@7,

WOOL AND FLAXSEED IN PHILADELPHIA

STEAMBOATS. GLASGOW LAMOTHE, master,

Regular Louisville, Braudenburg, and Cuncardin Problet.
TRIO,...T. G. Balland, master, J. S. Golono, cleritain the freight and passenger steam with leave for the above and intermed an indings on Taesday, Thursday, and

LOW WATER ARRANGEMENT. onisville and Henderson Mail Packet Company For Owenshore, Evnusville, Henderson, and All Intermediate Landings. The Splendid Passenger Sleamers The Spienters
DELAWARE. JSO. McCliff, master
DELAWARE. MSO. McCliff, master
Leaves Mondays and Fridays at 4 o'clock, P. M.
Leaves Mondays and Studies at 4 o'clock P. M.
MARY MILLER. WHITSEY, master,
MARY MILLER. BALLARD, master,
BALLARD, master,
Leaves Webesdays and Saturdays at 4 o'clock P. M.
Leaves Webesdays and Saturdays at 4 o'clock P. M.

osa dif

rup at 62c, 10 lids Baltimore syrup at osc, and 50 bags

Hiors, &c.,-Firm. We quote green at 56.5c, salt cured 7/5c, and flint 136/16c. Light sales leather as follows: Cincinnational sale 31c, hemlock 30c, upper 366/12c, bridle 366/12c, harness 29c, hog-skins \$7.502.8

Whiski-Sales raw at 36c.
Cotton Yarns-Firm, with sales at 40, 4t, and 42c f r he different numbers.

Tobacco-Sales 8 hfols: 1 bbd at \$19.75, 1 at \$11.75, 3 t \$13@13 25, tat \$11 25, and 2 at \$22@22 CINCINNATI, NOV. 11, P. 51

logs dull and heavy at \$4.25@1.00, but drovers are no

Veslern, closing at 712715c, and 71c for Western yel

IIIs. American gold unsettled at the opening at 32% 33, and closing unsettled at 314 \$3 cent premium.

Flanseed \$2 300 2 75 B bushel, with an sclive de-

REGULAR PACKET-U.S. MAIL MORNING LINE Connecting at Cincinnath with Early Eastern Trains. FOR CINCINNATI.

The mountingent passenger steamers MAIL ANDERSON, Intuberrit, master, Can of the above sleamers will leave for the above port daily at 11 o'clock A. M.

For fieight or passage amply on board or to JUSEPH CAMUTON, Agent, Office at the Wignflood, foot of Third st.

(For the Louisville Journal.)
ACCUSATIONS ARAISST THE COM-MANDER OF THE POST.

NA UVILLE, TENN., Nov. 8, 1862. Gen.Jas. S. Negley has now been in command at this post nearly two months. Under his direction or Supervision, the extensive forts, field-works, rifle-pits, breastworks, barriendes etc., forming n chain of defence many mile In extent, have been constructed. In this labor he has been nided by the scientific knowledge of the Chief Engineer of Gen. Buell's stuff, Capt. Morton, and assistants; and it is safe to say that defences of greater magnitude have not been erected at any point, during the his military duties-while his zeul, untiring same period, since the contest began in Kentucky and Tennessee. With a vigilance ceaseless and unturing, Gen. Negley has labored uight and duy to maintain his hold upon the capital of Tennessee, the key to almost the entire Southwest. Scrupulously avoiding, as far as possible, any interference with the administration of justice by the civil tribunals, he less eudeavored to confine his movements and measures within the strict line of military four pieces of artiflery, opened a sharp fire on | But a breath has killed them, that breath, I know duty. At first his policy was called the "rosewater policy of Gen. Negley." He was accused of not being severe enough ngainst rebel sympathizers, and too complacent towards quasi-Union men. He cousnited Gov. Johnson on these points, as well as others, and the Governor recommended the fostering and en- drove him beyond the range. couragement of the latent spirit of Unionism which he believel was smouldering in the the south, John Morgan's forces, twenty-five

bitter foo. It contained within its own limits restless and vindictive euemies to the Government. Its communications were cut off in every direction. Its supplies were nut sufficient to stand a protracted siege, and the policy in reference to the negroes had thrown n large number of that unprotected and unprovided for class of people upon the United States Commissariat for support. The defences were being constructed as rapidly and as seeretly as possible, and to prevent a knowledge of their character from being communicated to the enemy, a rigid surveillance was required to be placed upon all who came into and upor

a'l who left the city upon any pretext. Finding that in several instances passes boen grossly abused, and that he was himself to be longer carried on, General Negley conown headquarters. All passes hitherto issued, and those issued by himself were required to be renewed daily, unless otherwise specially sibility of judging of the character of the men evident intention of cutting off the cavalry and women who personally solicited the privilege of coming in and going out of the city at will. In several instances be refused passes for me sole purpose of saving them from cap- umn immediately. ture by the enemy, and of being forced into

"if you will only give me a permit to go." | before they could luad ther pieces. miles before the whole concern, two stages (or | been ordered forward as a reserve. from the seeue of the depredations. He man- their efficiency and valor. Gen. Negley has been accused of exercising a fully, your obedient servant, spirit uf petty tyranny beneath the dignity of a high United States officer, and called down upon his devuted head the execrations of those whose tempers, naturally serene, have become sacrificing nature. His natural impulse is rather to yield upon supplication than to resist and refuse with that rigor a soldier's duty demands. Rather than nbridge the liberties of the poor, his numbition is to enlarge them.

sors. No General commanding the post has ever left it with the unanimous commendation of either the citizens or the military, the local Government, or the civil or judicial authorities. Those who have conceived the position be a bed of roses, should try it once, espe ially if their rank be of just that standard those who presume to have power and those many wheels in the machinery. The cogs poured in to smooth and belp the workings of the system, if it can be called a system, a powerful acid is dropped upon it which either corrected or corrupts, or perhaps does both. Gov.

A. LINCULN.

In the rebel States the rule is more stringent stemmboatmen while pursuing the even tenor of their way.

The river has risen one in the country around Galveston and infrequently made harassing incursions into the city at night city at night people of the city at night people of Aohnson is understood to be here by the authority of the President of the United States as Military Governor. His position must be clearly defined; and if he allows his rights and powers to be usurped by any temporary military. The constant of the poor consolation of a soldier's death. They were tung without benefit of jadge or jury. A spy named Webster was publicly hung in Richmond last winter. He was eaught, convicted, hung. President Davis did not interstant the poor consolation of a soldier's death. They were the poor consolation of a soldier's death.

ple, Gen. Negley should be praised for treat-

LOUISVILLE JOURNAL be no too ways about it. If his powers are blenary, he should so exercise them; and in stead of being at war with the mifitary, the military should be made to comprehend hi position, and to understand that it must bend all the aid it can to carry out the intentions of the Government as represented by its acknowledged agent and plenipotentiary.

Whatever may be said again t Gen. Negley and we believe that to be extremely little, no man dare accuse him of a want of patriotism. of a want of fidelity to the Union, of a want of devotion to the cause in which he is engaged, heart, body and soul, or of a lack of coolness sagacity, and discretion in the discharge of energy, and sleepless vigilance are conceded, hy friend and foe, tu be worthy of imitation by the highest and most gifted Generals in the

REPORT OF GEN. NEGLEV.

Headquanters 1', S. Forces, Camp Nashville, Tenn., Nov. 5, 102. Sin: This morning at 2 o'clock Forrest's rebel cavulry, numbering about 3,000, with our picket line on the south, between the Franklin and Lebanon pikes. The picket line on the Murfreesboro rond gradually withdrew with the purpose of bringing the enemy under the guns of Fort Negley, two of which were opened apon the enemy and speedily Almost simultaneously with the attack on

breusts of many, and the compelling of upon breusts to compensate for all losses and damages sustained by local property by the state of the south, John Morgan's forces, twenty-five hundred strong, with a piece of artillery, made a dash on Col. Smith's command on the north larget results of the state of damages sustained by loyal people by the dop- side of the river with the evident intention of redations of the rebel guerillas and all others destroying the railroad and pontoon bridges. There are mists in my eyes, and I cannot se in arms against the authority of the United After a sharp contest, in which several companies of Illinois troops behaved with great The city was known to be surrounded by a gallantry, Morgan was repulsed, leaving a stand of regimental colors in our hands, five kllled and nineteen wounded. He then burnt an old railroad building in Edgelicld and then retreated to Gallatin.

Finding the enemy on the south taking a position beyond our picket lines, Col. Roberts, with two regiments of infantry and one section of artillery, was ordered to ndvance on the Murfreesboro road, while I took the 69th Ohio infantry, with parts of the 78th Pennsylvnnia, 14th Michigan, Col. Stokes's, and Wynkoop's cavulry, and two sections of artillery, numbering in all about 1,400, and pursued that portion of the enemy on the Franklin and if it should appear bereafter that the law pike. They were speedily driven from every position by our artillery until we reached a Stokes's cavalry was here ordered to charge upon the enemy's rear and then retreat, with a view of bringing him to a stand. But the main body of the enemy, with their artillery, but and endealy turned into a lane to the left, distress might prove of short duration, and distance of seven miles frum the city. Col. granted by the Governor or his authority had Stokes's cavalry was here ordered to charge I ablo to reproach if he suffered the imposition | a view of bringing him to a stand. But the cluded to confine the issuing of passes to his had suddenly turned into a lane to the left, while oar envalry, in the excitement of the or under any other authority, were revoked, chase pursued a small portion of the enemy within five miles of Franklin, eapturing some prisoners, killing several, and taking a drove designated. The General in no instance hesi- of cattle. Previous to the return of Stokes's tated to accede to any request made by the cavalry, the enemy appeared in considerable Governor, but took upon himself the respon- force upon our left, in front and rear, with the

and our retreat. The infantry and artillery were immediately moved forward a mile to the support of our to perso is of whose loyalty he had no question, cavalry, which was ordered to rejoin the col-

Upou receiving intelligence from my vi the rebel army nuder the conscript law. Some- dettes that the enemy were in force a mile to times persuaded against his better judgment, our rear, masking a battery close to the road, Gen. S. has yielded to the importanities of loyal meu who live n lew miles from the city, and grauted them passes to go through his lines and return; but it has rarely happened that in such cases he has not been called upon to retire, which he did in the head of our column was immediately faced to the rear and hastened forward to the position occapied by the enemy, fortauntely getting our artillery into position and action. Forcing the enemy to retire, which he did in forcing the enemy to retire, which he did in the frederick shurg and it had been said that by recognizing the South as a belignment of the Government at washington that the Govern Gen. S. has yielded to the importanities of the head of our column was immediately that in such cases he has not been called upon | forcing the encmy to retire, which he did in | thing to release from captivity those very per- after which he succeeded in getting his artil-His means of information respecting lery into position and a brisk firing ensued to proximity of the enemy are, or certainly for about half an hour, during which time our night to be, better than those who take uo es- forces had to be frequently shifted to avoid

hen Geu. Negley advises a person at any | Ascertaining that the enemy weatly outtime not to run the risk of passing into the numbered our forces and were aiming to make enemy's country, it had better be taken, fur a charge on both our flanks, the troops were ffered unless danger is to be apprehended. was so disposed as to divert the coming tharge The proprietor of a line of stages solicited of the enemy on our rear, and lead them upon permission from Gen. Negley to start with his the 14th Michigan infantry; the object succoaches and the mails on a certain morning ceeded admirably; an entire regiment of cavtoward Louisville. "Your coaches, the mails, alry making the charge, receiving a fire so Lewis) that a more unfounded charge could and yourself will certainly be captured, said destructive as to drive them back in great of this country than that of having departed the General, "if you determine to go." "I disorder. The enemy then planted several from the principle of strict neutrality by rec will risk that," replied the stage proprietor, guns on the turnpike, which were driven off

"If you go you cannut jeapordize the public Our furces were retired in goud order tooperty—you cannot take the mails." "Well, wards the city, the enemy making one more States have constituted themselves an inde-I will go without them, and unly with passen- attempt to get in our rear nearer the city, but pendent Power, then it seemed to bim that in gers." The coaches started, and with them the were immediately driven off by a regiment of proprietor; but they had not proceeded twenty infuntry and a section of artillery which had

rather four, for two on their return were cap- The concerted plans of the enemy, who had tured near the same place, about the same time) Hanson's brigade of four Kentacky regiments | which was waged on the part of the Northern were beset by guerillas, the passeagers robbed, and two Teunessee regiments of infantry and the proprietor himself marched off some miles our troops enabled to give additional proof of

aged to escape, and, after wandering forty-five | As we did not reoccupy the field of action miles In a wilderness, at last reached Nash- the enemy's total loss is unknown, but is repville. This couch proprietor now appeals to resented by prisoners to have been large. Gen. Negley for indemnity for the loss of his Twenty-three prisouers were captured, incluhorses and coaches, whereas if he had taken ding two Captains of Morgan's artillery. the General's advice he would not have lost Our casualties of the day were ---- killed, them. By refusing passes in many similar twenty-six wounded and nineteen missing. cases, as well as in others of less consequence, | 1 have the honor to remain, very respect-

> JAS. S. NEGLEY, Brigadier General Communding. To Lieut. Col. Ducar, Chief of Staff.

OPPOSITION TO THE JEFF DAVIS GOVERN-But those who know the General personally MENT.—The Richmond Enquirer has an article

of the poor, his ambition is to enlarge them.
Rather than cast a straw in the way of the poor enjoying every privilege consistent with public safety. Gen. Negley might, with more detailed in the poor enjoying every privilege consistent with public safety. Gen. Negley might, with more detailed in the property of the power of merital law, and upon the non-existence of the power of merital law, and upon the torible tyrangy. propriety, be charged with being too liberal, of martial law, and upon the terrible tyranny with opening the gate too wide, for the welfare of requiring travelers to obtain passports. Are of those he is accused of persecuting. Hundreds of written applications on a start that unanimity and devotion which have dreds of written applications can attest the truth of this assertion. If market men or women have been annoyed by the difficulty of procaring passes within a few weeks past, it should be remembered that a state of things existed during that available to the control of the government to exist the during that available to the control of the government to exist the during that available to the control of the government to exist the during that available to the control of the control o ist before, and perhaps does not now. For their own good have these country people been their own good have these country people been country peop kept from leaving the city at certain times.

They were not only in danger from the enemy, who were known to be prowling about in my, who were known to be arranding bands, but they were in danger of has ordered a soldier to be, therefore, discoming the innocent victims of certain secoming the innocent victims of certain se- chargedl cret preparations made for the common defence of the city; and instead of being confence of the city; and instead of being con-demned for his course toward the market peo-man in the field.

MISTAKEN TENDERNESS .- The President has ing them with such marked care and soliciinterfered to save a spy from execution. (Ine Seeley Lewis was convicted at Memphis be-It is not necessary for the purpose of setting at rest these ill-founded charges against Gen. fore a military commission of the crime of egley to compare his administration of the passing through the lines of our army, sungaffairs of this post with those of his predeces- gling goods, and giving information to the rebel officers. The commission unanimously recommended the execution of Lewis as a spy, but the case was referred to the President, who reversed the sentence of death and imposed the punishment of imprisoument for six months.

The President's order read as follows: So far as the sentence in the case relates to thich permits of eternal clashing between accused as a spy, it is disapproved, the commission not having jurisdiction of the offence. The seutence of death is mitigated to imprison any wheels in the machinery. The cogs

the regular military daty of scouting. They did not enter the rebel lines. But they were

This is a beautiful piece of poetry from ne whose poetry is always beautiful [For the Louisville Journal.] MYSTERY.

BY LIZZIE CONWELL SMITH. methlug hides in the velvet glooms Of the curtains, falling fold on fold; feel a treath like the breath of temb Breathed from llps that are damp and e dd And I shiver with pain in the breath!

ver the moonlil wall is thrown With close-locked hands and straining sight. In love with the ghastly Phantom near

Will it make reply if 1 whispor low?
But I damenot speak for the life of me—
Is it Fiend or Angel? I plue to know
But the myth of its shadow is all 1 see.
With the moon-beams over its dark brow twine While the wild hair writhes in the fierco night-wine

t'inder the curtain's drooping flow waying the deep folds to and fro,

Blowing the dead flowers from my hale; Dead! they were fresh but an hour ag

Do I love It-this mystery? so I sail,

Then why do I shiver to forl it near?
What If the loves befiny life" are dead, And this but a Phant ut need I bear? Oh, how close I am folded! how strange to be ide

Is lank and heavy with grave-like damps And sudden the darkness blooms to gold

Sofily the Phonform of the my hear! lples away from the light, and me Like one who stands by a grave I seem

Some remarks had been made by previous that the just cause must prevail.

A. J. BURNSIDE, Some remarks had been made by previous speakers on the distress existing in the manufacturing districts, and its indirect effect in lessening the demand for agricultural produce, as well as its effect on the laboring population of the manufacturing districts. They must was insufficient to provide for the extended distress—distress which no human toresight could guard against, and which fell on a univeral population—no doubt all classes of society, whether agricultural ur commercial, States which prevented the cotton from comng to this country, would before long cume

to an end.

That was the subject on which many different upiaions were and had been entertained. The Government of this country was placed in the position of having to choose between two opposite courses, viz: recognition of the Southern States on the one hand and sympathy or alliance with the States of the Federal section of the Union on the other. Well, the Government avoided both these extremes. They had consistently and strenuously pursued a middle course of strict neutrality, and had abstained from giving direct or indirect countenance or assistance to either of the belcountenance in surgiving direct or indirect countenance in assistance to either of the belligerent parties. [Hear, hear.] It had been said that great complaints had been made by the Government at Washington that the Government of England had not maintained this extist another in the counterly i

aptitude to the Soan and the purpose of carrying oun war, and when they looked to the number of armed men they had raised; when they looked to the large armies they had brought into the field, to the ability of the generals by whom those armies were commanded, and to the pertinacity with many choices.

It can be soand accountements, and two wagons loaded with army clothes.

It can be seen as they had brought into the pertinacity with many clothes.

It can be seen as they had brought the commanded, and to the pertinacity with annock, which led to the belief that Pleasanton and Stewart were at it again. At night

But when the Government was asked to go Everybody who read the accounts in the newspapers of what was doing in America could see that, although there was a war there

that the contest was exhausten, and that the contest—antil that moment arrived it could tached by the Richmond War Department, to carry on a contraband trade for their government, to carry on a contraband trade for their government, to carry on a contraband trade for their government, to carry on a contraband trade for their government, to carry on a contraband trade for their government.

stablished. [Hear, hear].
He believed it was the general opinion of the people of this country that the contest would issue in the establishment of the inde-pendence of the South. He himself did not express that opinion; he did not say that he dissented from that opinion, but that was the independence of the Southern States.

RAID ON WEST FRANKLIN, IND. Hendeason, Nov. 9, 1862. The war for the Union still progresses, but

war of savages against savages more than war

among civilized beings. On Friday night last, a band of maranders, commanded by our Colonel Hall, crossed the murk. Weather clear and mild. river at a point twelve miles below here and attacked the town of West Franklin, Indiana. The leader of the gang, with a squad of men, through the window and fired promiscuously. Ford or any of his family. They shortly after retired from the place, carrying one of their omrades, whom Mr. Ford had probably sent to his last reward. They also took Dr. Ilaws,

number of horses from the vicinity. The steamer Marmora, Capt. Cleary, of Cincinuati, commanding, loaded with Government horses from Smithland to Evansville, passed here yesterday evening with a twelvepound howitzer on her forecastle pointed to: ward the Kentucky shore. She was convoy ed by the cumboat St. Clair out of Smithland but the war-steamer got aground at Shawneetown bar and could proceed no farther on account of low water, when she transferred the gun to the Marmora, and she went on "pro-

n well disposed citizen, prisoner, and stole a

The river bottoms are thoroughly infested with bands of miscreents, who seek opportu-

twenty-four hours ending to-day at 12 o'clock. When something of importance transpires where I am you will again hear from TRAVELLER.

INQUEST No. 43-Held November 11th, at the

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

Evening Dispatches. General Burnside's Order on Taking Command.

Gen. Hooker in Command of Fitz John Porter's Corps. Gen. Schenck Spoken of as Successor of

Gen. Wool. Don Piatt as Judge Advocate.

Brilliant Exploit at Fredericsburg. Gen. Joe Johnston at Culpepper.

Contraband Trade between Baltimore and Richmond.

The New Merrimac Completed.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC, } November 19, J
The following order was issued by Genera
Burnside on taking command of the army:
In accordance with General Urder No. 182
issued by the President of the United States, nereby assume command of the Army of the

Potomae.
Patriotism and the exercise of my every energy in the direction of this army aided by the full and hearty co-operation of its officers and men will, I hope, under the blessing of God, ensure its success.

Having been sharer of the privations and a witness of the leavery of the old Army of the Potomae in the Maryland campaign and fully identified with them in their feeling of respectantle steem for ten McClellan entertained through n long and most friendly association

The British Secretary of War on Recognitions.—In the course of his remarks at the meeting of the Hartfordshire Agricultural Society, on the 14th of October, Sir George C. Our histories are identical. With diffidence Lewis, the Secretary of War, made the following allasion to the troubles in this country. He said:

Our histories are included.

> Major Gen. Commanding. Washington, Nov. 10.
> Major-General Hooker has been assigned to
> the command of the army corps beretofore
> commanded by Fitz John Porter, who has been ordered to Washington to stand his trianpon the charges preferred against him by General Pope for miseouduct at the buttle of

[Special to the Tribune, ] Washington, Nov. 10. General Schenck has been designated as the necessor of Maj. Gen. Wool, and will probaly be well enough to leave for his post with-

A private letter from New Orleans says that A furvate letter from New Orleans suys that Gen. Britler has recently taken possession of two large plantations near that city, and has transferred a large number of luyal blacks there for active service.

The number of fugitive blacks in the Department of the Gulf is increasing at a rapid rate, but by employing them in this way, says the writer mying them small wages and

the writer, paying them small wages, and charging them for their clothing, the Government will be fully reimbursed for any expense it may have been at.

Norman Waird, who superintended the fitting out of the Burnside expedition, is doing the same for Banks's expedition. He lenves for New York to-morrow.

Major Don Piatt has been appointed Judge Advocate of the Court of Inquiry about to assemble at Cincinnati, to examine the case of

One of those brilliant affairs which shed

in reference to there was a rumor that I'leasauton had driven

WASHINGTON, Nuv. 10 WASHINGTON, Nuv. 10,
I have news from Richmond up to the 6th
inst. Lee arrived there about two weeks ago,
and has been there ever since. He has resumed his position as General-Commanding-in-Chiel, and acts as Military Advisor to the War

newnli Jackston's corps has been increas The advance of the army of the Potomac was known in Richmond, and the situation

to mass their forces on the Rappahannock and then fight the greatest battle of the wur. The new Merrimne is completed, and has

Fifteen hundred pounds of quinine, 100 pounds of fulminating, and 2,900,000 percussion caps lately ran the blockade of the Po-

Proposals for about 13,000,000 of seven and matter of notoriety resulting from the accounts which everybody might read in the newspaper, he could not think that they were guilty of any neglect in not recognizing the Bidders must deposit with some Assistant Trensurer ten per cent, of the amount offered and forwarded with their bids.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 10

AUGUSTA, Ga., Nov. 5. A fire occurred here last night which deiu this benighted portiou of the State it is a stroyed Stovall's warehouse, stables, 6,000 war of savages against savages more than war will exceed \$50,000. PITTSBURG, Nov. 11, M. River stationary with 3 feet water by metal

NEW YORK, Nov. 11. The Richmond papers of the 7th state that the rebel nrmy is shoeless, and appeal to the people to supply them. They also state that letter from a private source, which is relia ble, says the enemy is reported at Montercy, in Highland county. His force is said to consis

NEW YORK, Nov. 11. At a democratic meeting last evening, John Van Buren nominated Gen. McClellan for President in 1864. he Brevoort House. He has received a large namber of distinguished visitors since his ar-His Lordship paid Gen. Scott a very lengthy Fifty thousand dollars worth of bonds, &c.

belonging to Riggs & Co., stolen from the Bank of America, on the 6th inst., were reovered yesterday from the hands of a noted receiver of stolen properly. 'Special to the Hereld.! WASHINGTON, Nov. 10. Application has been made for three more

arine regiments to join Gen. Bunks's expe-Advices have been received here from our Galveston others have gone on toward the Up to October 20th no troops had arrived follow up the naval successes, while the

Washington specials state that the wagon bridge over the Rappahannock at Waterloo was burned by the rebels as they retreated before Burnside's advance. It was one thousand cet long.

A few days only will be required to put the prange and Alexandria railroad in running

The rebels, it becomes evident, will make nu important stand this side of Gordonsville. A reconnoissance was made yesterday morn-ing by Donbleday's division, which crossed he river at Waterloo, and explored the cour ry five miles beyond the river, encountering be enemy in small force and routing then capturing two cannon and several prisoners. Gen. Sumner's old curps reached Warrente

Sailed this morning from Quarantine the U.S. transports Catawba, Matanzas, Poenhontas, Connecticut, and United States for Fortress Monroe, with General Corcorau's brigade. (Special to the Cincinnati Commercial

WASHINGTON, Nov. 10 The removal of McCleHan continues to b he theme of to-day. The publication of Heeck's letter confirms previous intimation leck's letter confirms previous intimation that he favored the change made in the command for some time. The official order made public to-day, and is dated Novemboth, just after the election, and reads that the removal is made by direction of the Presider and that Burnside be jalued in full comman. Direct arrivals from Warrenton state the while the change is somewhat regretted, the is no demonstration of any kind. In fact, corespondents from there say that the arm seemed to be prepared for it, owing to the amost daily runnors in the newspapers to take and the same effect. Hen, Burnside has quietly sumed command, and has stated that the arm sumed command, and has stated that the arms. samed command, and has stated that the arrayill continue the forward movement with

nuch vigor as is possible. An editorial in the official organ to-de An editorial in the official organ to-asy, known to be prompted from high quarters, says that the order by which Gen. McClellan has been relieved from the command of the army, was the result of long and patient consultations on the part of our highest military inthorities, and must be regarded purely as inditary question. The necessity for active operations in Virginia had become so impera frie that, for reasons which appeared couclu-ive, this important change was made. These reasons will doubtless be made public should the interest of the country demand the list losure, and when they are disclosed, wh othing will appear that run affect the loy f McClellan, or his capacity for organiz and equipping a great army for the field, af will admit that when the President sanctioned he recommendations of immediate millitury

dvisers, he did so from the sincerest desire hat the war might be prosecuted with renew-d vigor, and the army rescued from another winter campaign.

Mr. Crittenden has arrived here, and taken p his quarters, preparatory to the opening o eeretary Smith still holds his retirement

on the Cabinet under consideration. WASHINGTON, Nov. 10. The report in the Harper's Ferry case is published as previously telegraphed. It regards the surrender of that place as premature and unnecessary. Col. Ford, of Ohio, surrendered Maryland Heights too soou, and the Commission is of opinion that he conducted the defence without ability, and abandoned the post of the telegraphy. abandoned the pos. on vitnout suncause, and has shown throughout such lack of military enpacity as to disqualify him, in the opinion of the Commissioners, for command in the service. The Commission is of opinion, also, that Col. Miles's incapacity amounted almost to imbeculity, and led to the shameful surrender of the post.

THE SCOTT LETTER-JOHN VAN BUREN EX-PLAINS .- At a meeting at Tammany Ilall on J. E. MOORE - - - - Freight Agent Monday night, Mr. Van Buren professed to explain how he obtained possession of the let ter from Gen. Scott to Mr. Secretary Seward, the contents of which he made public on a

former occasion. He said: In reference to Gen. Scott's letter, he would now state how he came into the possession of that letter. He should not have dune so now, were it not for a singular circumstance. He had taken occasion in a speech at Brooklyu, had taken occasion in a speech at Brooklyu, a couple of weeks ago, to say that it was a secret, and that a hady was helping him to keep it. One or two days after that the lady of the Presideat of the United States came to town, and although I had not had the pleasure of seeing her, I thought it a mere ordinary mark of respect to call upon the wife of the Chief Magistrate. I had not got a hundred miles into the interior of the State before I was told by the people that they knew exactly where I had got a copy of this letter. Said I, "If so, my lady must have let unt the seproper to explain to you how and where I di get it. Gen. Scott kept the original draft President of the United States, through the Secretary of State. The original draft he showed to me. When he handed it to me asked permission to take a copy. I did take a copy through my check to the state of the s copy through my clerk. After having made this copy I said to General Scott, "This is one of the most extraor dinary documents I ever saw. It is a morn ment of your sagueity, and is creditable to your patriotism and intellect in all respects

ne a present of this as an antograph"—and so ne did; and here it is (holding it up between his finger and thumb)—you perceive it is just as simple as possible; I intend to have it photo graphed by that extraordinarily skilful man opportunity to get a copy of it. In the mean time I shall preserve it carefully in my family as a memeuto of kindness, a token of friend ship, and at the same time as an evidence of I had no right to communicate it to the pub-lic. It seemed to me important that it should be made public. General Scott did not conent to it, fur fear that au injury might acc nothing could possibly be done by him which ould, by any combination of circumstances, be injurious to the Chief Magistrate. He had was done with his assent. The persons to whom it was confided to decide the question unantimously declared that it ought to be faid before the public. In pursuance of that I did so lay it before the public

Notice to Contractors. SIDEWALK PAVING.

Scaled proposals will be received at the City Eugineer's Office until 12 M., on Thorsday, the 3th iustant, for improving the following sideon both sides of Preston from Wulnut to Mad

ridgeffrom Third to Fourth street.
To repaye and recurb north side of Main from Cabel to Webster street. To recerb and repaye both sides of Walnut from Seventh to Eighth street. To repaye the unpayed portions of east side of Brook from Market to Jefferson street.

J. M. DELPH, Mayor. MAYOR'S OFFICE, I'ov. .0th, 1862. n. . die

SIDEWALK PAVING. Notice to Owners of Property. The owners of lots and parts of lots designated below are hereby informed that ordinan ces have been passed by the General Council approved and published, requiring the im provement of the sidewalks in front of their a contract at the expense of the lot owners as provided for in the third section of the seventh under the sidewalks in iron pipes in accordance with the ordinance regulating the same the said work when executed to be received by the City Engineer, and if not done in every respect in accordance with specifications regu-lating sidewalk paving, to be repayed at the expense of the property owners To repave and recurb the sidewalk on the wes

of Seventh street from Chestnut Walnut street. Geo. W. Anderson (trustee).... Thos. S. Kennedy..... Fanny Coward... Mandeville ..... W. Kinney (E. Needham, agent) .. JNO. M. DELPH, Mayor.

SUNDRIES - Breakfast Bacon, sugar-cured Beef Tongues, and Codfish on band and for safe by n1 HIBBITT & SON. SUNDRIES-Zante Currents, Gitron, Raisios, Cran-S berries, Pickles, and Sances on hand and for sale by n1 HIBBITT & SON. WIBBITT & SOH,
WILLESALE AND RETAIL GROCERY,
FLOUR, AND TEASTORE, No. 23 Market
street, between Second and Third, south side.

RAILROADS.

LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE RAIL-ROAD. TO TO THE REAL PROPERTY. ON AND AFTER TUESDAY NEXT, OCTOBER 21, Trains will be run as follows:
PASSENGER TRAIN for Bowing Green will leave conswille daily at 8 A. M., arriving in Bowling Green at 3:30 P. M. Rehrulng, will leave Bowling Green at 9:30 A. M., and arrive in Lonkville at 8 P. M.
FREIGHT TRAINS for Munfordsville and all intermediate Stations will leave daily (except Sunday) at 5 A. M. 5 A.M.
FREIGHT AND PASSENGER TRAIN for Leba non and all way Stations will leave at 7 A.M. dail; (except Sunday).
Freights for main road and Lebanon branch will b received in Depot on Monday, 6rt. 20. ols dif
B. MARSHALL, Sup't.

LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE RAIL-ON AND AFTER SATURDAY, OCTOBER II, AND autil further Notice, an ACCUMMODATION TRAIN for Freight and Passengers will howe Lonfayille at S. M. for Lebanon Junction.

Returning, will have Lebanon Junction at 4 P. M. and arrive at Lonisville at 5-20 P. M. albert.

B. MARSHALL, Sup't.

LOUISVILLE, NEW ALBANY, AND CHICAGO RAILROAD. Life the Committee of t FOR ST. LOUIS, CHICAGO, DETROIT. 1062. Summer Arrangement. 1862.

O'N AND AFTER SUNDAY, MAY 4, PASSENville) as follows:

8:00 A. M. CHICAGO EXPRESS (Paily except Sundays), unking close connections at Mitchell with
0, & M. Raihoad for St. Louis, Cairo, and the West,
arriving at St. Louis at 2,00 P. M.; connecting also
at Greencastle Junction with T. & R. Raihoad Kael
and West and at Lalayette with T. & W. Bailrood
Last and West and Michigan City for Chicago and
Detroit. Detroit.

(30 P. M. ST. LOUIS NIGHT EXPRESS (Dally reaching St. Louis at 8:39 A. M. and Cinchmatia 6 A. M. This Train runs to Mitchell only. Returning, leaves St. Louis at 7 A. M. and 5:30 P. M. making immediate connections at Mitchell wit South bound train, arriving at New Albany at 7:3 P. M. and 4:30 A. M.

Only one Change of Cars to St. Louis, Cin-chantl, or Chicago. This Road runs the only trains from Louisville connecting with Ohio and Mississippi Raifrond West.

### For THROUGH TICKETS and further information apply at the GENERAL RAILBOAD OFFICE, southwest corner of Third and Main streets, Louisville, Ky.

##Trains are run by Lonisville time.

A. B. CULVER, Sup't.

S. S. PARKER, Agent. JEFFERSONVILLE RAILROAD. 

O'N AND AFTER TO-DAY, MAY 5, 1862, TRAINS on this Road will leave and arrive as follows: LEAVE JEFFERSONVILLE:
M. FAST EXPRESS for Cincinnati, Indianapolis, Chicaco, and the East, 10:00 P. M. NIGHT EXPRESS for St. Louis, Cincin-nati, Chicago, and the East. #8"Both Trains making connections for the East. ARRIVE AT JEFFERSONVILLE:

Both Trains making connections from the East

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Louisville, Ky. PHROUGH BILLS OF LADING TO EASTERN CITIES given at lowest rates via River to Pulsourg-Mall Line to Cincinnati and via Jeffersonville

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(with its connections) IS A FIRST-CLASS HOUTE, TO ALL THE EASTERN CITIES.

THE TRACK IS STONE BALLASTED

ADAPTED TO ALL KINDS OF WORK.

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THREE DAILY TRAINS FROM PITTSBURG TO PHILADELPHIA ALL CONNECTING DIRECT TO NEW YORK THROUGH PHILADELPHIA.

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Boat Tickets good on any of the Sound Lines. FARE TO ALL POINTS AS LOW AS ANY ROUTE. SLEEPING CARS ON NIGHT TRAINS TO Philadelphia, New York, & Baltimore,

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dence on its speedy transit.
THE RATES OF FREIGHT Io and from any po

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Mariotts, O.
& CC., Zancsville, O.
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PHILADELPHIA,
INFORM THEIR FRIENDS THAT THEY CON
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Military and Sutlers' Goods, Swords, Belts, Sashes, Pistols, Cots, Mattresses,

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217 Third street, between Main and Market, Louisville, Ky., SIGN OF THE GOLDEN SADDLE.

Swordsand Bowie Knives,

Smoking Pipes and Variety Goods, &c. PRESENTATION SADDLES, SWORDS, AND PISTOLS FUF-NISHED TO ORDER AT SHORT NOTICE.

Ammunition Pouches for Henry Rifles

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Refined Carbon Oil, Refined Coal Oil, Extra Lard Oil, Lubricating Petroleum, Benzole and Naptha, Car and Axle Grease, Paint Dryer, Coal and Carbon Oil and Lamps of every description, Wicks, Shades, Chimneys,

Globes, Brushes, Lamp Trimmings, &c. REWAREHOUSE AND STORE ON BULLITT STREET
RETARION AND FOAL OIL WORKS CONNER SINTLENTH AND HIGH STREETS,
POPLARIO OIL AND LAMP FACTORY ON BULLITT, RETWEEN MAIN AND WATER. MRY29.

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S. B. McGILL, 307 Green street, between Third and Fourth, Wholesale and Retail Dealer in and Importer of

HAVANA CIGARS. Virginia Tobacco. Snuff, Pipes, Tobacco, Pouches, and every variety of Smoking Tabacco. A large assertment of the best brands of CIGARS nd TOBACCO kept constantly on hand.

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No. 20 Old Slip, may1% dem AL BOURLIER. BOURLIER & COCHRAN, Guttering, Roofing, Spouting, Housekeepers' Kitchen Articles.

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MO Stove Pipes put up at the shortest nations of the heat of the story of the s PATENT MAGNETIC HAMMER AND ASHLEY'S ICREW FGG-BEATER.—We particularly livits the tention of the public to these very neolil little arti-

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W. WYATT, UNDERTAKER, Improved Metal Burial Cases Combining beauty, durability, and lightness.

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CONSIGNMENTS OF FLOUR, GRAIN, HAVE and Provisions will receive prompt attention tughest price paid for WHEAT. W. H. CRUTCHER, GENERAL AGENT

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PLOUR - 300 bbfs 4 No. 1 Family Flour, best brands

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CARPETS! CARPETS J. G. MATHERS.

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e No. 30t Third street, between Market and on, at Redd's old stand; and at No. 302 south-orner Brook and Market streets. REMOVAL. BRANDEIS & CRAWFORD, Grain Dealers,

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> Buffers, and made on less known plan.
> SMIT MACHINES—Several different kinds.
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> Plaster Parls, and Mill articles generally.
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> HERBERT & WRIGHT,
> sep 27 dtf No. 15 Third st., bet, Main and river CAMP EQUIPAGE. AM PREPARED TO FURNISH REGIMENTS or Companies with Camp Stores, Camp Kettles, Plates, Artoy Cups, Knives and Forks, Spoons, Canteens, Moss Pans, Cots, Camp Stools, &c., in short no-

THE MOST COMPLETE ARTICLE OF TRE kind over invented. Call and see it. P. M. JONES, old began if Fourth st., near Nathund Hotel.

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I WOPLD RESPECTIFFLLY CALL THE ATTEN-nion of my former pattons and the travelling com-munity to the fact that the above-named house is the Inc.
In contains every convenience for the comfort of my satrons. The sleeping-rooms are large and well-vendated, and my lable is always supplied with the best he market stords.
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Thunkful for the generous support heretofore given
Thunkful for the generous support heretofore given
ne, and sollciting a continuance of the same, I am,
with respect,
ADAM BABULD,
Proprietor.